

# Manual



**CONFIGURATION**

**INSTALLATION**

**SETUP**

**COMMUNICATION**

**TECHNICAL DATA**



## Manual

### Zone 1/21

- **BEx1-PNIO 8AI-8AO-8DI-8DO**      **Type: 14200100**
- **BEx1-PNIO 16DI-16DO**            **Type: 14200101**
- **BEx1-PNIO 32DI**                      **Type: 14200102**

### Zone 2 /22

- **BEx2-PNIO 8AI-8AO-8DI-8DO**      **Type: 24200100**
- **BEx2-PNIO 16DI-16DO**            **Type: 24200101**
- **BEx2-PNIO 32DI**                      **Type: 24200102**



### Zone 1/21

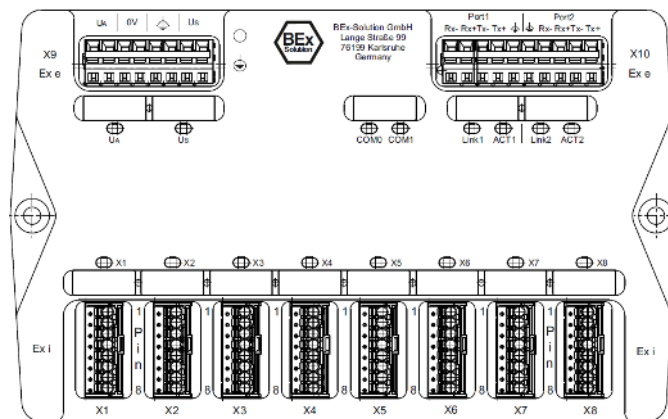
- **BEx1-Modbus 8AI-8AO-8DI-8DO**      **Type: 14200300**
- **BEx1-Modbus 16DI-16DO**            **Type: 14200301**
- **BEx1-Modbus 32DI**                      **Type: 14200302**

### Zone 2 /22

- **BEx2-Modbus 8AI-8AO-8DI-8DO**      **Type: 24200300**
- **BEx2-Modbus 16DI-16DO**            **Type: 24200301**
- **BEx2-Modbus 32DI**                      **Type: 24200302**



Contact/ Support  
 BEx-Solution GmbH  
 Lange Strasse 99  
 76199 Karlsruhe/Germany  
 Phone: +49 (0) 721 60 90 45 33  
[info@bex-solution.com](mailto:info@bex-solution.com)  
[www.bex-solution.com](http://www.bex-solution.com)



The original manual is written in German. All other available languages are translations of the original manual. Note: The image picture on the title page is an example of the BEx1

Reservation: We reserve the right to make technical changes. Changes, errors or misprints do not constitute a claim for damages.



## Content

1 Important Notes .....	7
1.1 Designated Use.....	7
1.2 Safety Instructions.....	7
1.3 Danger, Warning and Note Symbols .....	7
2 Configuration .....	8
2.1 Power Supply .....	8
2.2 Cable Cross Sections.....	8
2.3 Cable Selection .....	8
2.3.1 Power Supply.....	8
2.3.2 Ethernet .....	8
2.3.3 Sensors and Actuators .....	8
2.4 Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) .....	9
2.5 Grounding.....	9
2.6 Voltage Drops .....	9
3 Description.....	10
3.1 Function.....	10
4 Installation .....	11
4.1 Mounting.....	11
4.2 Dimension and Mounting .....	12
4.3 Connection .....	12
4.3.1 Power Supply.....	13
4.3.2 Ethernet .....	13
4.3.3 Sensors and Actuators .....	14
4.4 Cover caps .....	15
5 LED Display .....	16
6 Setup .....	18
7 Diagnostic .....	18
8 Communication Protocols.....	19
8.1 Profinet.....	19
8.1.1 MRP - Media Redundancy Protocol .....	19
8.1.2 LLDP - Link Layer Discovery Protocol .....	19
8.2 Modbus TCP/IP.....	20
8.2.1 IO Register.....	21

8.2.2 Change the IP Address.....	22
9 IO Data Profinet.....	23
9.1 Input Byte 0...15 ⇒ Analog Input .....	24
9.2 Input Byte 16...19 ⇒ Digital Input.....	25
9.3 Input Byte 20...23 ⇒ Reserve.....	26
9.4 Input Byte 24...26 ⇒ Internal voltage .....	26
9.5 Input Byte 27, 28 ⇒ Internal temperature .....	27
9.6 Input Byte 29...31 ⇒ Operating hour counter.....	27
9.7 Input Byte 32...47 ⇒ Actual current flow through the pin.....	28
9.8 Input Byte 48 ⇒ Module diagnoses .....	29
9.9 Input Byte 49...52 ⇒ Open load .....	30
9.10 Input Byte 53...56 ⇒ Prefault.....	30
9.11 Input Byte 57...60 ⇒ Short circuit .....	31
9.12 Input Byte 61...63 ⇒ Serialnumber.....	31
9.13 Output Byte 0...15 ⇒ Analog Output at Pin 3.....	32
9.14 Output Byte 16...19 ⇒ Channel ON / OFF .....	33
9.15 Output Byte 21 ⇒ SwitchMode .....	34
9.16 Output Byte 22 ⇒ AO to DO (Type *00) .....	35
9.17 Output Byte 23 ⇒ DO to AO (Type *01) .....	36
9.18 Output Byte 24 ⇒ DO to AI (Type *01) .....	37
9.17 Output Byte 20, 23...63 ⇒ Reserve.....	37
10 Temperature Derating .....	38
10.1 Power Dissipation .....	39
11 Technical Data.....	40
12 Approval safety data.....	43
13 Explosion Protection.....	44
13.1 Specific Conditions of use for BEx1 .....	44
13.2 Specific Conditions of use for BEx2.....	44
14 Service, Maintenance .....	45
15 Repair .....	45
16 Disposal.....	45
17 Transport and Storage.....	45
18 Accessories / Spare parts .....	46
19 Troubleshooting.....	47



EU Declaration of Conformity .....	48
List of Abbreviations .....	50
Annex 1 Byte allocation of the different modules .....	51
Annex 2 How to start data exchange with PLC .....	52
Annex 3 Connection examples Type *00 .....	57
Annex 4 Connection examples Type *01 .....	63
Annex 5 Connection examples Type *02 .....	67

# 1 Important Notes

## 1.1 Designated Use

BEx1 module can be installed in hazardous areas of Zone 1/21 and the BEx2 module can be installed in hazardous areas of Zone 2/22.

For special conditions see chapter 13.

Read this manual carefully before starting the equipment and keep it in a place that is accessible at any time for all users. The products described in this manual were developed, manufactured, tested, and documented under strict compliance with safety standards. The equipment poses no danger to operating personnel or material if the handling instructions are complied with. The EU Declaration of Conformity contains the requirements and guidelines that the module fulfills. Trouble-free and safe functioning of the product can only be assured through proper transportation, storage, installation, assembly, and operation with proper care and attention.

## 1.2 Safety Instructions

BEx module may only be operated in a clean, undamaged condition and may only be deployed within the specified temperature class and the temperature range indicated for it (see type label). The assembly/dismantling of the regulating and control components must be conducted by qualified personnel authorised and trained to install electrical components in potentially explosive areas. The use in areas other than those specified or alteration of the product releases BEx-Solution from liability for defects and further liability. Modifications and changes to the module are not permitted. The generally applicable statutory regulations and other binding guidelines on occupational health and safety, on accident prevention and on environmental protection must be complied with.

## 1.3 Danger, Warning and Note Symbols

This manual contains important information that has to be observed in order to guarantee safety and avoid material damage. This information is specially marked and illustrated as follows:



### CAUTION

The hazard warning symbol refers to instructions that if not observed, may cause damage to equipment and other objects or, if appropriate precautions are not taken, may result in danger to the user's health or life.



### REMARK

This symbol refers to important technical information



### RECOMMENDATION

Notes with this symbol are recommendations of BEx-Solution GmbH



## 2 Configuration

### 2.1 Power Supply

The max. power consumption is 450 mA for the module and sensors supply and 300 mA for the actuators supply at 24V. The power supply is connected to the module via Ex e input terminal X9. The module is provided with safe galvanic isolation so that intrinsically safe sensors/actuators can be connected to the IO terminals X1-X8.



**Two independent voltages can be connected (sensor and actuator voltage are separated, with common ground). Thus, a central shutdown of the actuators take place**



**It must be ensured that the supply voltage - measured at the farthest module does not fall below 18 V DC. At a voltage below 18 V DC, the module switches off**

### 2.2 Cable Cross Sections

All terminals on the module are cage clamp terminals (CAGE CLAMP®). The max. Cable cross-section at X9 (supply) and X10 (bus) is 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> and for X1-X8 (sensors and actuators) 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup>.

### 2.3 Cable Selection

#### 2.3.1 Power Supply

Regarding voltage drop the max cable length and cable cross-section must be taken for the power supply cable. A core-cable for fixed installation (max 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup>) is required.

#### 2.3.2 Ethernet

The maximum segment length for electrical data transmission with copper lines between two nodes (field devices or switches) is 100 m. The copper cables should be made uniform in AWG 22. The cable type A should be used. Standard fixed, no movement after installation.

#### 2.3.3 Sensors and Actuators

Due to intrinsic safety, connecting cables should have the color light blue. A two core-cable for fixed installation (max 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup>) is required. Shielded cable should be used for the analog signals.



## 2.4 Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)



The EU Declaration of Conformity contains the requirements and guidelines that the module fulfills.


The devices described in this manual each meet the relevant standards for electromagnetic compatibility. However, this does not mean that their electromagnetic compatibility is still guaranteed when installed in a plant or machine.

For this reason, we urgently advise you to comply with the instructions on installation in accordance with EMC requirements below. Only then can you assume that the overall system complies with EMC requirements, provided CE-marked components are used exclusively.



**The device is Class A equipment. It may cause radio-frequency interferences in residential areas. In this case, the operator may be required to implement adequate countermeasures.**

## 2.5 Grounding

The equipotential bonding connection point  at the module must be connected to the equipotential bonding conductor in the hazardous area. Cable cross-section at least 4mm<sup>2</sup>.

## 2.6 Voltage Drops

Short-term voltage drops normally do not pose operational problems as the electronics are protected by capacitors integrated in the power circuits. This does not apply to the power supply of the sensors and actuators connected to the module. Their high-power requirement cannot be covered by the capacitors integrated in the device. For this reason, even transient interruptions of the actuator supply can result in undesirable switching operations. Longer interruptions of the sensor supply may cause changes of the input signal.



### 3 Description

The BEx module is a Remote IO system that is installed as an interface in zone 1/2 or 21/22 in the hazardous area between the intrinsically safe signals from zone 0/20 (sensors/actuators) and the external PLC in the safe area. The system is used to transmit input-output signals via a bus system. With BEx module it is possible to connect up to 32 intrinsically safe signals via short cable routes directly to the integrated input/output (IO) module. All signals are combined in the BEx module and digitized via the integrated bus coupler. The data transfer takes place via a four-wire bus cable to the controller.

Isolating amplifier as well as analog and digital IO modules are no longer necessary in the safe area.

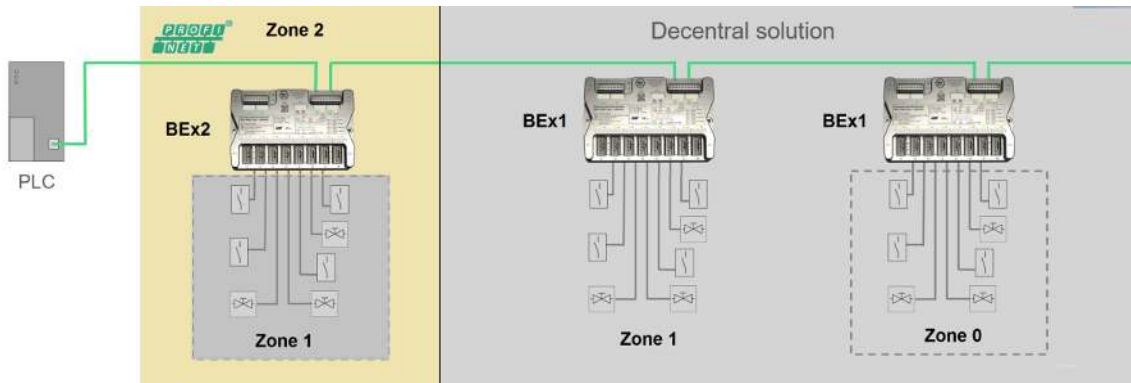


Figure 1 Simplified display: System and installation with BEx Remote IO module

#### 3.1 Function

The module has 32 intrinsically safe channels

<p>8xDI / 8xDO / 8xAI / 8xAO              8xDI / 16xDO / 8xAI              8xDI / 8xDO / 8xSwitch Mode</p> <p>Zone 1 Type : <b>14200*00</b>              Zone 2 Type : <b>24200*00</b></p>	<p>16DI / 16DO              16DI / 8DO / 8AIO              16xDI / 8xDO / 8xSwitch Mode</p> <p>Zone 1 Type : <b>14200*01</b>              Zone 2 Type : <b>24200*01</b></p>	<p>32DI</p> <p>Zone 1 Type : <b>14200*02</b>              Zone 2 Type : <b>24200*02</b></p>
--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

## 4 Installation



### **Danger of explosion**

**Improperly wired cables/wires can lead to dangerous mix-ups between intrinsically safe and non-intrinsically safe circuits, which can ignite an explosive mixture. Observe the installation instructions acc. IEC/EN 60079-14**

### 4.1 Mounting

BEx1 IP 20 module is designed for use in Zone 1/21 and Zone 2/22 hazardous areas and is intended for connection to a fixed installation in certified enclosures/control-stations that conform to equipment protection level Gb or Db. Enclosure type min. IP 54.

The BEx2 module have to be installed in a suitable housing according the EN 60079-7:2018 in such a way, that a degree of protection of at least IP 54 is reached.

For special conditions see chapter 13.



### **Danger of explosion**

**By incorrect installation, there is a risk of explosion.**

BEx modules can be mounted side by side. The installation position is arbitrary



**Figure 2** Example certified Ex e enclosure made of stainless steel with cable glands and shield rail

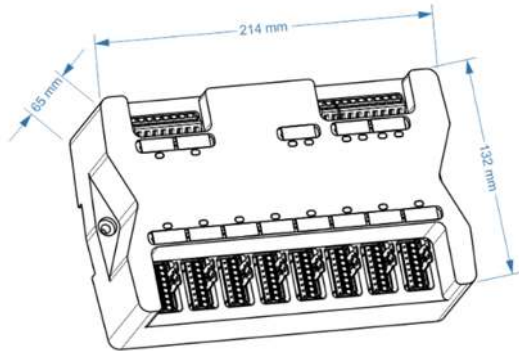


**RECOMMENDATION: We offer individual certified control stations from our system partner.**



## 4.2 Dimension and Mounting

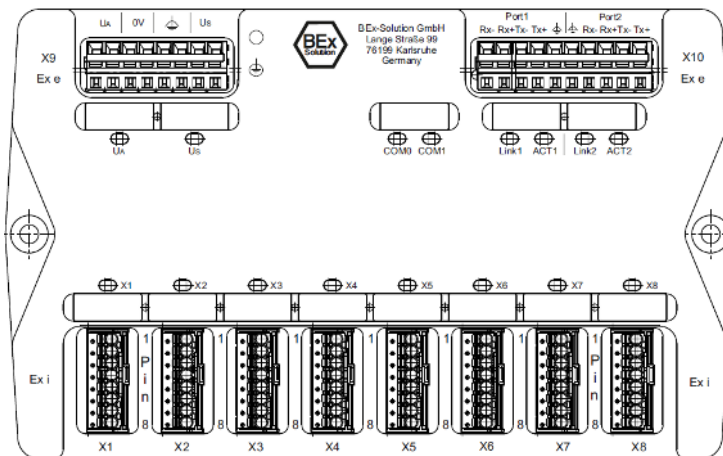
Easy DIN rail mounting according to DIN 60718 TH35 or via two mounting holes diameter 5.2 mm for M5 screws. Distance mounting holes 200 mm.



**Figure 3** Dimensions and mounting BEx module

## 4.3 Connection

All terminals are in spring clamp type (CAGE CLAMP®).



**Figure 4** Front view BEx



**Ground connection / equipotential bonding** via M4 screw and eyelet

**X9** **Power supply of actuators, sensors and module**  
Ex e terminals (increased safety)


**X10** **Ethernet**  
Ex e terminals (increased safety)

**X1-X8** **Intrinsically safe sensors and actuators**  
Ex i terminals pluggable (intrinsically safe)

## 4.3.1 Power Supply

Power supply of actuators, sensors and module (Ex e terminals)

### Marking terminals:

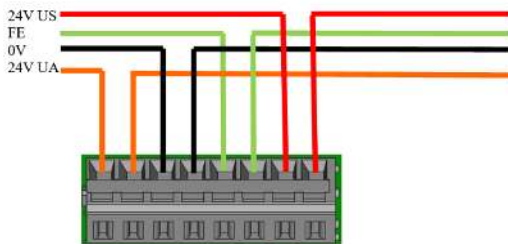
- UA = Power supply of actuators
- 0V = Ground
-  = Functional grounding
- US = Power supply sensors and module

Separate power supply for sensor and actuator.



**The power supply US must not be switchable. It supplies the module electronics.**

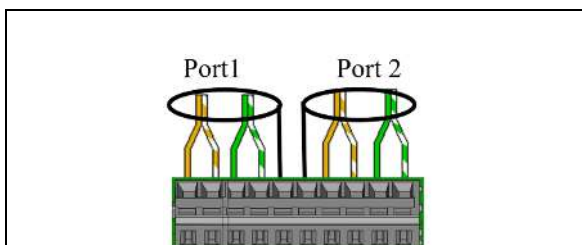
The input voltages US and UA are internally protected against reverse polarity.




**Figure 5** Terminal X9

## 4.3.2 Ethernet

Ethernet-based fieldbus connection. (Ex e terminals) The integrated switch allows the connection of further bus participants.



**Abbildung 6** Klemmenblock X10

Rx-	Receive data negative line
Rx+	Receive data positive line
Tx-	Transmit data negative line
Tx+	Transmit data positive line
	Shield



**In the safe area no isolating amplifier for the Ethernet connection is required!**



**Autonegotiation for Ethernet (Layer 1 - OSI-Model) conform with IEEE 802.3u**

**Auto-crossover conform with IEEE 803.2ab**



### 4.3.3 Sensors and Actuators

Connection of intrinsically safe sensors and actuators (Ex i terminals)

Marking terminals:

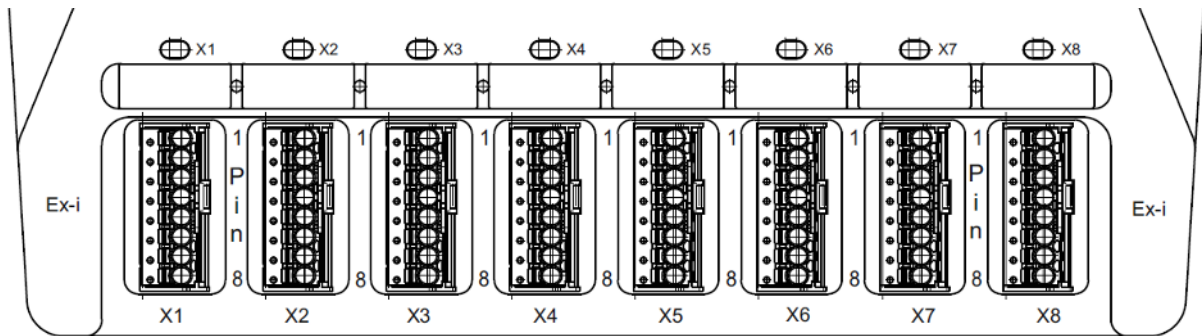


Figure 7 Terminal X1-X8

	8xDI / 8xDO / 8xAI / 8xAO 8xDI / 16xDO / 8xAI 8xDI / 8xDO / 8xSwitch Mode  Zone 1 Type : <b>14200*00</b> Zone 2 Type : <b>24200*00</b>	16DI / 16DO 16DI / 8DO / 8AIO 16xDI / 8xDO / 8xSwitch Mode  Zone 1 Type : <b>14200*01</b> Zone 2 Type : <b>24200*01</b>	32DI  Zone 1 Type : <b>14200*02</b> Zone 2 Type : <b>24200*02</b>
	1 AI / Switch Mode(-) 2 GND 3 AO / DO / Switch Mode(+) 4 GND 5 DI 6 GND 7 DO 8 GND	DO / AO / AI / Switch Mode(+) GND / Switch Mode(-) DI GND DI GND DO GND	DI GND DI GND DI GND

Figure 8 Terminal X1-X8



**The intrinsically safe Namur-Sensors may only be connected to the DI function. Connection to other pins can destroy the sensor!**



**Type \*00 Pin 1 passive (only Ex i sources at the modul can be used)  
See Annex 3 Connection examples Type \*00**

**Type \*01 Pin 1 active current source**

## 4.4 Cover caps

When using the cover caps (accessory), the Ex e enclosure may be opened while energized, provided that there are no other open Ex e connections in the enclosure.



**Figure 9** cover caps

Tightening torque of screws: 1 Nm

Please note among others EN or IEC 60079-7 paragraph 4.10.3



## 5 LED Display

The module is equipped with different LEDs.

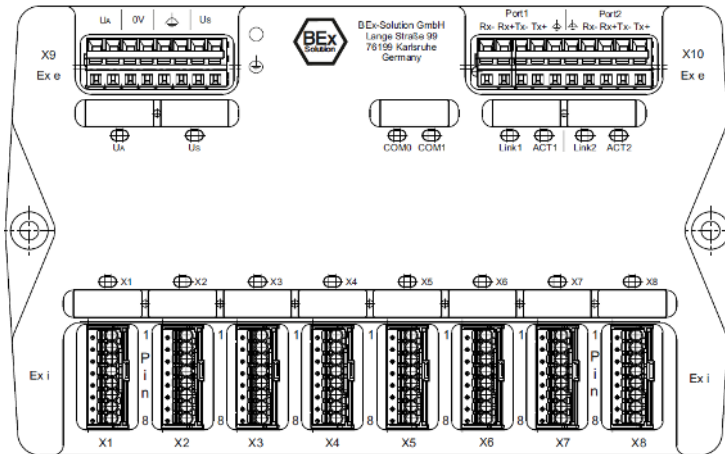
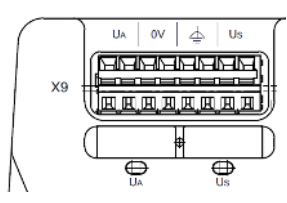



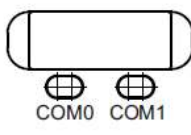



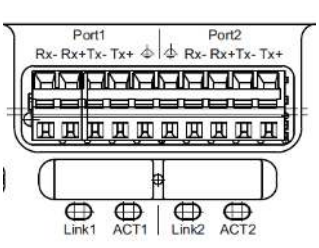






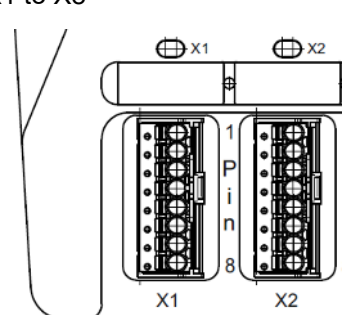





Figure 10 Front view BEx1

LED	Function	Color
UA	Display of actuator power supply	Green / Red
UA	Display of sensor and module power supply	Green / Red
COM0	Communication LED - 0	Green / Red
COM1	Communication LED - 1	Green / Red
Link1	Ethernet connection LED Port 1	Green
ACT1	Ethernet activity LED Port 1	Yellow
Link2	Ethernet connection LED Port 2	Green
ACT2	Ethernet activity LED Port 2	Yellow
X1-X8	Status display of the associated terminals	Green / Yellow



				Default
<p>UA / US</p> 	LED off	No voltage on module		
	LED red	Voltage too low < 18V		
	LED green	Voltage ok U > 18V		←
<p>COM0 / COM1</p> 	LED off	Module works proper		←
	COM0 LED red	System error		
	COM1 LED red	Bus error		
<p>Link / ACT</p> <p>Each for Port 1 and Port 2</p> 	Link / ACT LED off	No connection and no communication		
	Link LED on ACT LED off	Connection exist but no communication		
	Link LED on ACT LED flash	Connection exist Communication in start up	 flash 	
	Link LED on ACT LED blink ca. 0.5 Hz	Connection exist and communication in operation	 blink 	←
<p>X1 to X8</p> 	LED off	Output is off and there is no error at the respective terminal		
	LED yellow	Output (pin 7) is switched and there is no error at the respective terminal		
	LED red	There is an error at the respective terminal, regardless of the output		



## 6 Setup

No configuration is required to commission the BEx module.



**Danger of explosion**  
**Prior to commissioning proper installation must be ensured. See also**  
**chapter 1 IMPORTANT NOTES and chapter 4 INSTALLATION!**

## 7 Diagnostic

Open load detection for each channel

Prefault detection for each channel

Short circuit detection for each channel

The corresponding LED-display X1-X8 on the module takes place

The individual messages are available in the communication data

## 8 Communication Protocols

Autonegotiation for Ethernet (Layer 1 - OSI-Model) conform with IEEE 802.3u

Auto-crossover conform with IEEE 803.2ab

### 8.1 Profinet

For operating of Profinet module described in this manual a GSDML-file is required.

GSDML-File \*.xml English

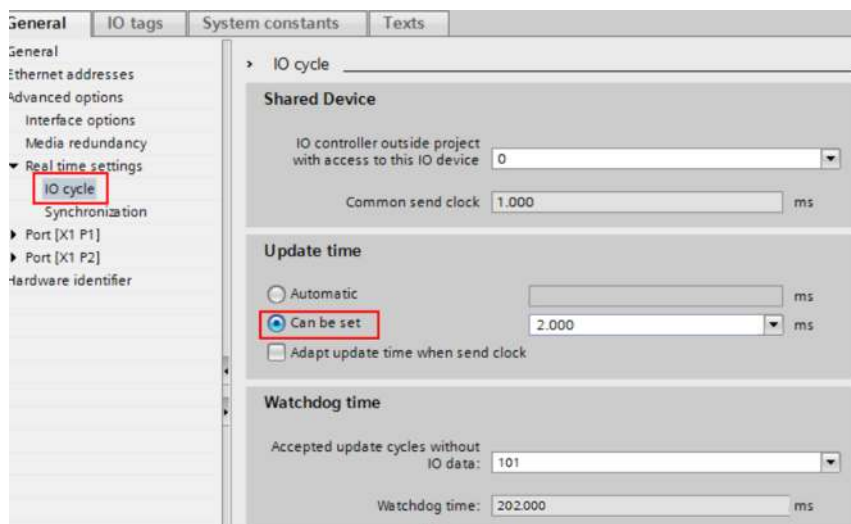
The GSDML file can be downloaded from the website of BEx-Solution:

[www.bex-solution.com/downloads](http://www.bex-solution.com/downloads)

#### 8.1.1 MRP - Media Redundancy Protocol

Please read the complete documentation from Siemens about MRP, here only a small section for the Remote IO module is described, these settings have to be made for every module individually.

The reconfiguration time for MRP is 200ms (for 50 nodes), so the response monitoring time > 200ms must be selected for PROFINET communication. The response monitoring time is not configured directly but as a number of accepted update cycles without IO data. Select IO cycle “can be set”; and enter the desired time. The response monitoring time must be greater than 200ms in total. To achieve this, you can either increase the update time or the number of cycles without PNIO Traffic.



#### 8.1.2 LLDP - Link Layer Discovery Protocol

To use the automatic addressing function (LLDP - conform with IEEE standard 802. 1AB) it is necessary to:

- The topology recognition in PLC must turn on.
- If there is a switch in the plant, a managed switch must be used.



## 8.2 Modbus TCP/IP

The module has 32 registers (module → PLC) and 35 registers (PLC → module).

Registers 1-32 correspond to the 64 byte input/output data (see chapter 9)

For a Modbus client whose register numbering begins at 0, the register numbers specified in this manual must be decremented by 1.

Registers 33 to 35 are for addressing the module.



**The NetMask value are fix 255.255.255.0**

Supported MODBUS function codes

Function Code	Register Type
FC2	Read Discrete Input
FC4	Read Input Registers
FC5	Write Single Coil
FC6	Write Single Holding Register
FC15	Write Multiple Coils
FC16	Write Multiple Holding Registers

## 8.2.1 IO Register

### 32 Register (Modul → SPS)

Register 1		Register 2		Register 3		Register 4		Register 5		Register 6		Register 7		Register 8	
High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low
AI X1 Pin1		AI X2 Pin1		AI X3 Pin1		AI X4 Pin1		AI X5 Pin1		AI X6 Pin1		AI X7 Pin1		AI X8 Pin1	
Register 9		Register 10		Register 11		Register 12		Register 13		Register 14		Register 15		Register 16	
High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low
DI X1-X8 Pin1	DI X1-X8 Pin3	DI X1-X8 Pin5	DI X1-X8 Pin7	Res	Res	Res	Res	Internal voltage			Internal temperature		Operating hour counter		
								Us	UA	8V2	sign	value			
Register 17		Register 18		Register 19		Register 20		Register 21		Register 22		Register 23		Register 24	
High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low
Current flow								Current flow							
X1 Pin5	X2 Pin5	X3 Pin5	X4 Pin5	X5 Pin5	X6 Pin5	X7 Pin5	X8 Pin5	X1 Pin7	X2 Pin7	X3 Pin7	X4 Pin7	X5 Pin7	X6 Pin7	X7 Pin7	X8 Pin7
Register 25		Register 26		Register 27		Register 28		Register 29		Register 30		Register 31		Register 32	
High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low
Modul Diag	Open load				Prefault				Short circuit				High	Low	
	X1-X8 Pin1	X1-X8 Pin3	X1-X8 Pin5	X1-X8 Pin7	X1-X8 Pin1	X1-X8 Pin3	X1-X8 Pin5	X1-X8 Pin7	X1-X8 Pin1	X1-X8 Pin3	X1-X8 Pin5	X1-X8 Pin7	Serial number		

### 32 Register (SPS → Modul)

Register 1		Register 2		Register 3		Register 4		Register 5		Register 6		Register 7		Register 8	
High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low
High	AO X1	AO X2		AO X3		AO X4		AO X5		AO X6		AO X7		AO X8	
Register 9		Register 10		Register 11		Register 12		Register 13		Register 14		Register 15		Register 16	
High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low
ON/OFF X1-X8 Pin 1	ON/OFF X1-X8 Pin 3	ON/OFF X1-X8 Pin 5	ON/OFF X1-X8 Pin 7	Res	Switch mode X1-X8	AO->DO Type *00 X1-X8 Pin 3	DO->AO Type *01 X1-X8 Pin 1	DO->AI Type *01 X1-X8 Pin 1	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res
Register 17		Register 18		Register 19		Register 20		Register 21		Register 22		Register 23		Register 24	
High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low
Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res
Register 25		Register 26		Register 27		Register 28		Register 29		Register 30		Register 31		Register 32	
High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low
Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res

All „Res“ Bytes must be „0“

The channels can be switched on via bytes 16 to byte 19!



## 8.2.2 Change the IP Address

Register 33 : IP-Address\_Byte1 and IP-Address\_Byte0

Register 34 : IP-Address\_Byte3 and IP-Address\_Byte2

Register 35 : Flag for writing or DHCP

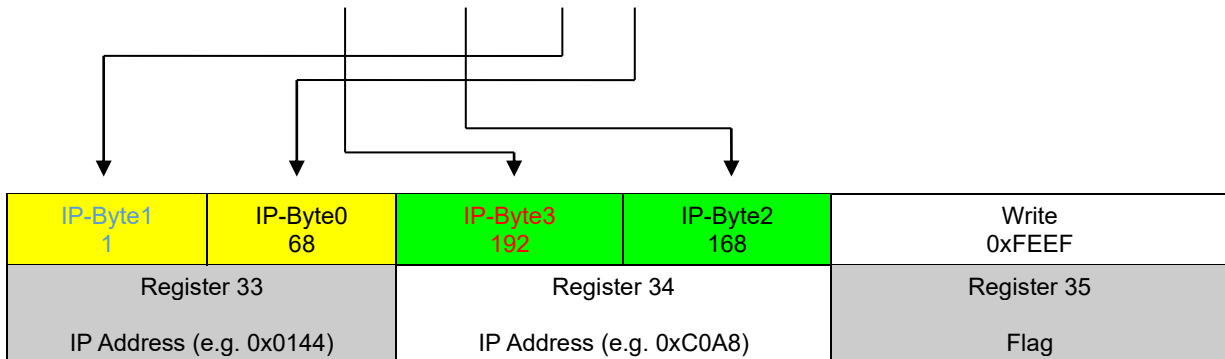
IP-Byte1	IP-Byte0	IP-Byte3	IP-Byte2	Flag (Write or DHCP)
Register 33		Register 34		Register 35
IP Address		IP Address		Flag

Writing 0xFEEF to the register „Flag“, the values in register 33 and 34 will be stored in the module.

Writing 0xA55A to the register "Flag", will delete the stored IP Address and activate DHCP.

After storing the IP-Address the module do a reset.

Example for IP Address: **192.168.1.68**



Register 33 : 0x0144 -> (IP\_B0 : 68 = hex 44 ; IPB1 : 1 = hex 01)

Register 34 : 0xC0A8 -> (IP\_B2 : 168 = hex A8 ; IPB3 : 192 = hex C0)

Register 35 : 0xFEEF (write)

## 9 IO Data Profinet

64 Input byte – from Remote IO to SPS

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
High AI X1 Pin1	Low	AI X2 Pin1	AI X3 Pin1	AI X4 Pin1	AI X5 Pin1	AI X6 Pin1	AI X7 Pin1	AI X8 Pin1							

16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
DI X1-X8 Pin1	DI X1-X8 Pin3	DI X1-X8 Pin5	DI X1-X8 Pin7	Res	Res	Res	Res	Internal voltage			Internal temperature		High Low Operating hour counter		
								U <sub>s</sub>	U <sub>A</sub>	8V2	sign	value			

32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47
Current flow								Current flow							
X1 Pin5	X2 Pin5	X3 Pin5	X4 Pin5	X5 Pin5	X6 Pin5	X7 Pin5	X8 Pin5	X1 Pin7	X2 Pin7	X3 Pin7	X4 Pin7	X5 Pin7	X6 Pin7	X7 Pin7	X8 Pin7

48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
Modul Diag	Open load				Prefault				Short circuit				High Low Serial number		
	X1-X8 Pin1	X1-X8 Pin3	X1-X8 Pin5	X1-X8 Pin7	X1-X8 Pin1	X1-X8 Pin3	X1-X8 Pin5	X1-X8 Pin7	X1-X8 Pin1	X1-X8 Pin3	X1-X8 Pin5	X1-X8 Pin7			

64Output byte – from SPS to Remote IO

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
High AO X1	Low	AO X2	AO X3	AO X4	AO X5	AO X6	AO X7	AO X8							

16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
ON/OFF X1-X8 Pin 1	ON/OFF X1-X8 Pin 3	ON/OFF X1-X8 Pin 5	ON/OFF X1-X8 Pin 7	Res	Switch mode X1-X8	AO->DO Type *00 X1-X8 Pin 3	DO->AO Type *01 X1-X8 Pin 1	DO->AI Type *01 X1-X8 Pin 1	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res

32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47
Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res

48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res	Res

All „Res“ Bytes must be „0“

The channels can be switched on via bytes 16 to byte 19!

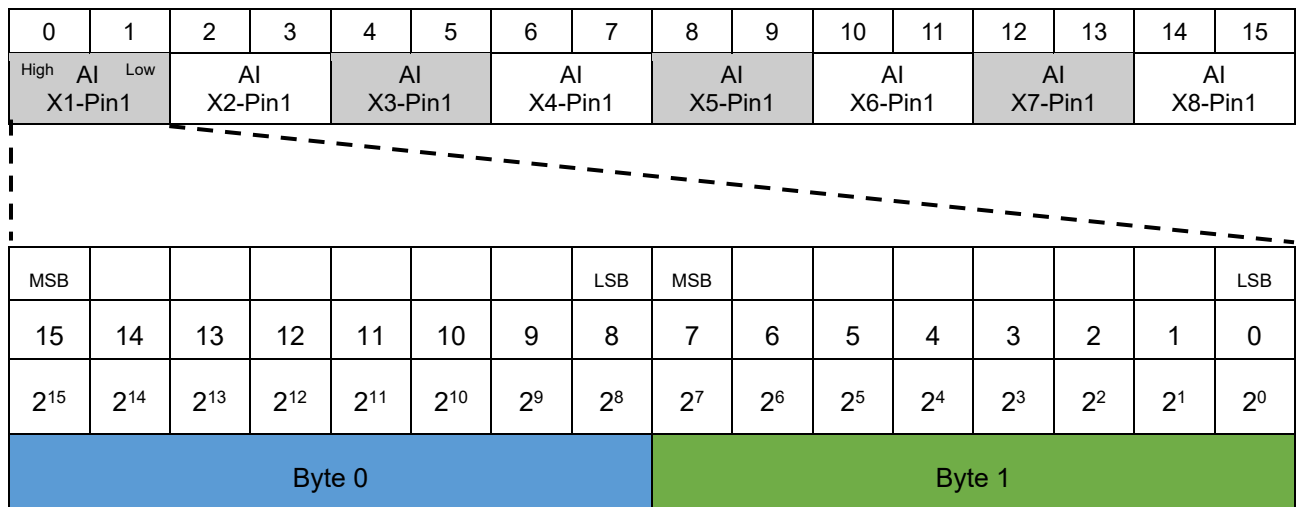


### Explanation:

- AI = Analog Input
- AO = Analog Output
- DI = Digital Input
- DO = Digital Output
- Res = Reserved (do not use)
- Diag = Diagnoses

## 9.1 Input Byte 0...15 ⇔ Analog Input

Value :1000 = analog Value in mA (z.B. 9987 : 1000 = 9,987mA)



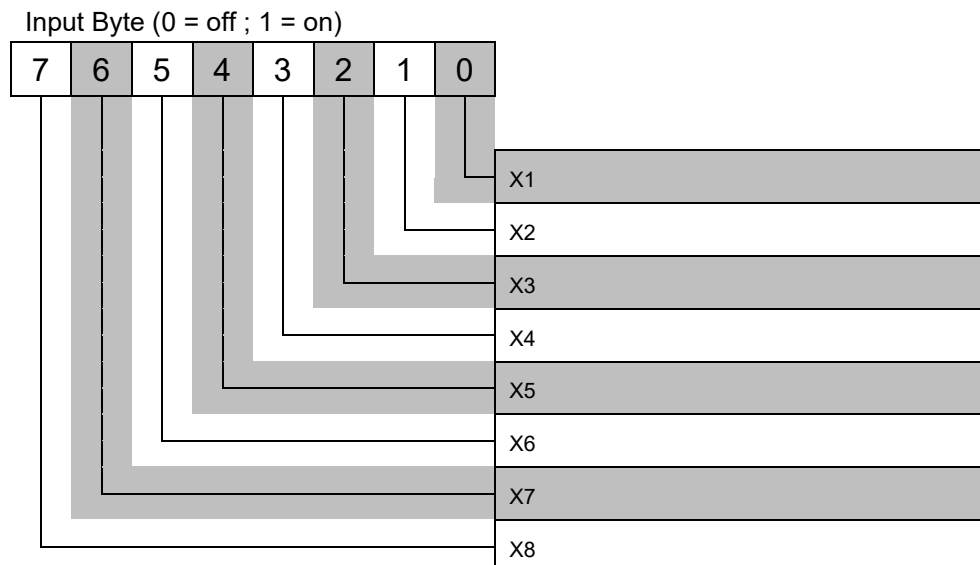
z.B.

Value[mA]	hex		dex	
4,000	0F	A0	15	160
10,000	27	10	39	16
15,000	3A	98	58	152
20,000	4E	20	78	32
25,000	61	A8	97	168
	Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 0	Byte 1



## 9.2 Input Byte 16...19 ⇒ Digital Input

Input Byte 16 ⇒ X1...X8 - Pin 1  
 Input Byte 17 ⇒ X1...X8 - Pin 3  
 Input Byte 18 ⇒ X1...X8 - Pin 5  
 Input Byte 19 ⇒ X1...X8 - Pin 7



For Namur sensors

Type \*00

„1“ if current is < 1,2 mA  
 „0“ if current is > 2,1 mA

Type \*01

„0“ if current is < 1,2 mA  
 „1“ if current is > 2,1 mA

Current < 0,2 mA	⇒ Open load
Current < 1,2 mA	⇒ Sensor ready, damped
Current > 2,1 mA	⇒ Sensor ready, undamped
Current from max. value	⇒ Short circuit, max. current



### 9.3 Input Byte 20...23 ⇒ Reserve

Do not use

### 9.4 Input Byte 24...26 ⇒ Internal voltage

Input Byte 24 ⇒ U <sub>S</sub>	Internal Sensor supply voltage
Input Byte 25 ⇒ U <sub>A</sub>	Internal Actuator supply voltage
Input Byte 26 ⇒ 8V2	Internal Namur supply voltage

Value :10 = Voltage value in V

e.g. 243 : 10 = 24,3V

e.g. 82 : 10 = 8,2V

The voltage is measured with a tolerance of ± 10%.

## 9.5 Input Byte 27, 28 ⇒ Internal temperature

Input Byte 27 ⇒ Sign of temperature

Input Byte 28 ⇒ Temperature value

Byte 27 = Sign of temperature value in Byte 28

(0 = positive temperature value; 1 = negative temperature value)

Byte 28 = Temperature value in °C (e.g. 24 = 24°C)

if Byte 27 = 1 then e.g. -24°C

The temperature is measured with a tolerance of  $\pm 5K$ .

If the temperature rises internally above 75 ° C (or < 45 ° C), an error message is output on byte 48.

## 9.6 Input Byte 29...31 ⇒ Operating hour counter

Input Byte 29 ⇒ High value

Input Byte 30 ⇒ Mid value

Input Byte 31 ⇒ Low value

Value = operating hour in h

e.g. 7488 : 24 = 312 days



## 9.7 Input Byte 32...47 ⇒ Actual current flow through the pin

Input Byte 32 ⇒ X1 – Pin5

Input Byte 33 ⇒ X2 – Pin5

Input Byte 34 ⇒ X3 – Pin5

Input Byte 35 ⇒ X4 – Pin5

Input Byte 36 ⇒ X5 – Pin5

Input Byte 37 ⇒ X6 – Pin5

Input Byte 38 ⇒ X7 – Pin5

Input Byte 39 ⇒ X8 – Pin5

Input Byte 40 ⇒ X1 – Pin7

Input Byte 41 ⇒ X2 – Pin7

Input Byte 42 ⇒ X3 – Pin7

Input Byte 43 ⇒ X4 – Pin7

Input Byte 44 ⇒ X5 – Pin7

Input Byte 45 ⇒ X6 – Pin7

Input Byte 46 ⇒ X7 – Pin7

Input Byte 47 ⇒ X8 – Pin7

Value :10 = current in mA

e.g. 193 : 10 = 19,3mA

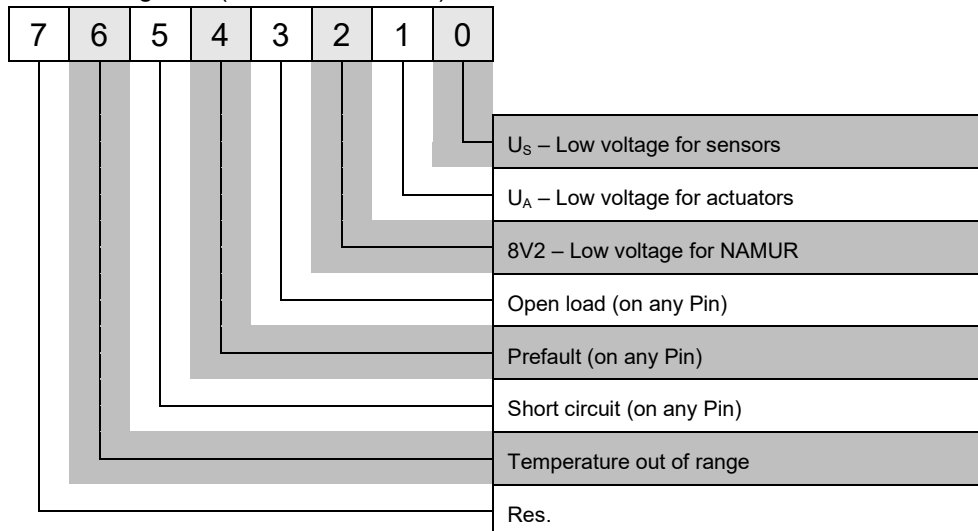
max. current 255:10 = 25,5mA

The current is measured with a tolerance of  $\pm 1$ mA.

## 9.8 Input Byte 48 ⇒ Module diagnoses

Input Byte 48 ⇒ Any module diagnoses appear in this byte

Modul diagnose (0 = OK ; 1 = Fault)



### RECOMMENDATION:

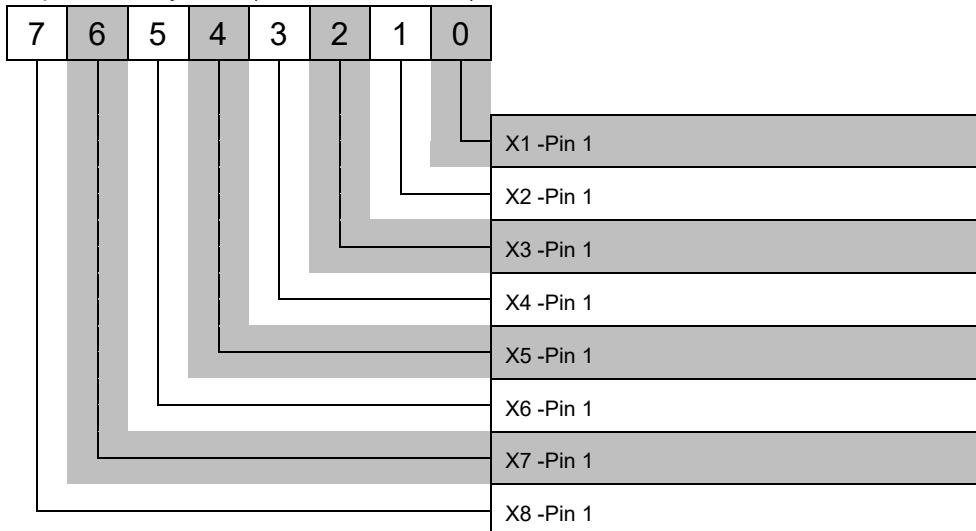
All errors are displayed in this byte and should be evaluated in the PLC.



### 9.9 Input Byte 49...52 ⇒ Open load

- Input Byte 49 ⇒ Open load Pin 1
- Input Byte 50 ⇒ Open load Pin 3
- Input Byte 51 ⇒ Open load Pin 5
- Input Byte 52 ⇒ Open load Pin 7

Open load Byte 49 (0 = OK ; 1 = Fault)

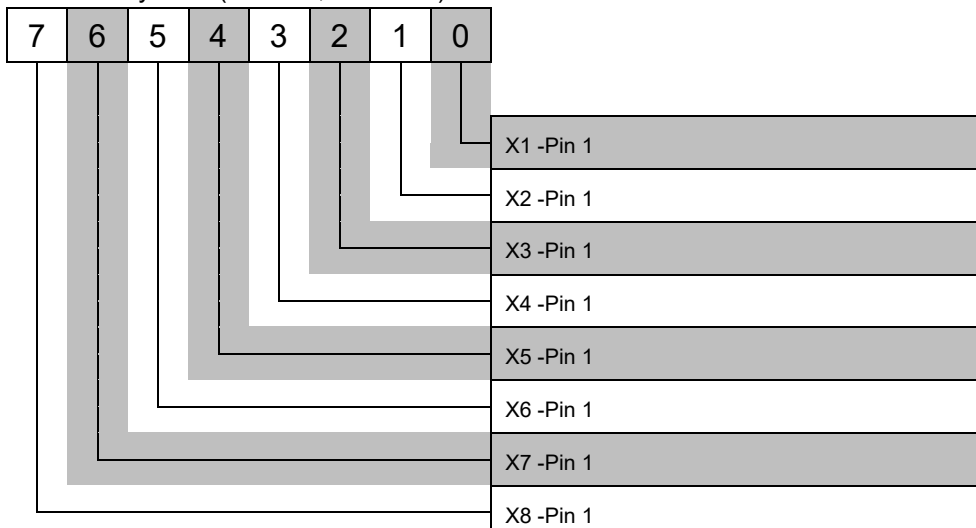


Open load is detected at a current < 0.5mA

### 9.10 Input Byte 53...56 ⇒ Prefault

- Input Byte 53 ⇒ Prefault Pin 1
- Input Byte 54 ⇒ Prefault Pin 3
- Input Byte 55 ⇒ Prefault Pin 5
- Input Byte 56 ⇒ Prefault Pin 7

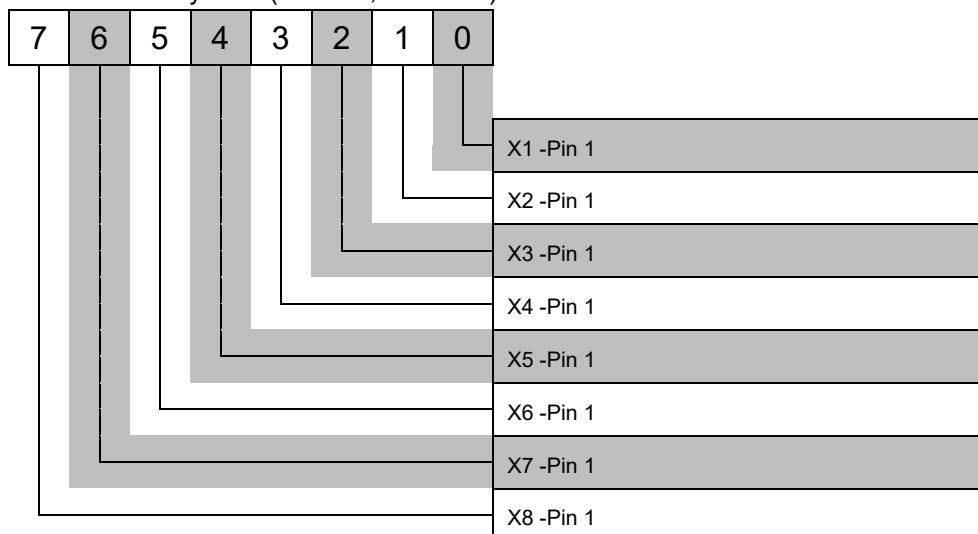
Prefault Byte 53 (0 = OK ; 1 = Fault)



## 9.11 Input Byte 57...60 ⇒ Short circuit

- Input byte 57 ⇒ Short circuit Pin 1
- Input byte 58 ⇒ Short circuit Pin 3
- Input byte 59 ⇒ Short circuit Pin 5
- Input byte 60 ⇒ Short circuit Pin 7

Short circuit Byte 57 (0 = OK ; 1 = Fault)



## 9.12 Input Byte 61...63 ⇒ Serialnumber

- Input Byte 61 ⇒ High value
- Input Byte 62 ⇒ value
- Input Byte 63 ⇒ Low value

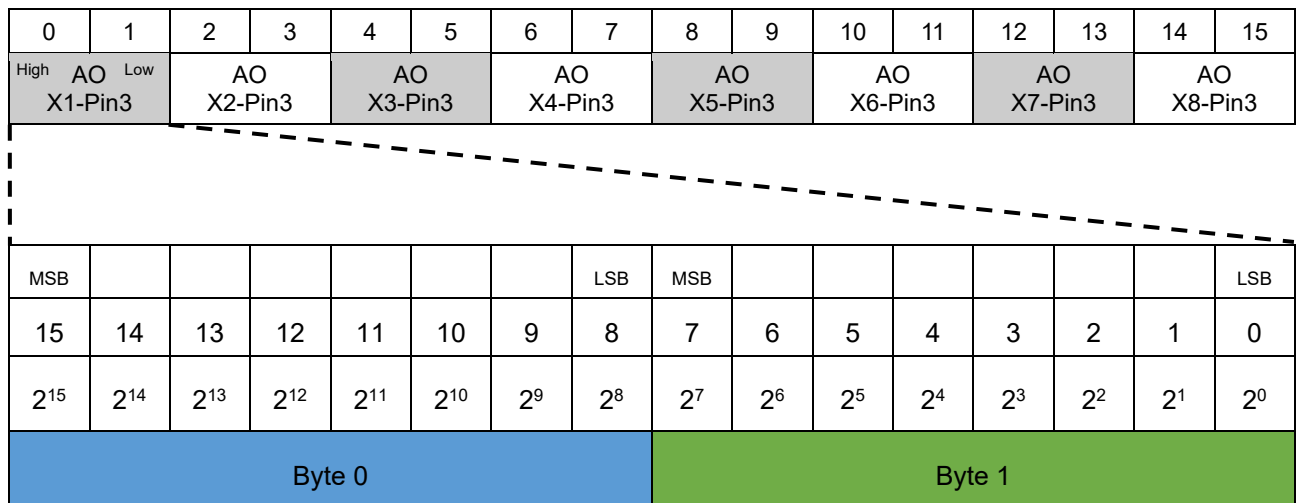
Value = Serialnumber

Value > 100000

## 9.13 Output Byte 0...15 ⇒ Analog Output at Pin 3

- Output Byte 0, 1 ⇒ analog Output 0
- Output Byte 2, 3 ⇒ analog Output 1
- Output Byte 4, 5 ⇒ analog Output 2
- Output Byte 6, 7 ⇒ analog Output 3
- Output Byte 8, 9 ⇒ analog Output 4
- Output Byte 10, 11 ⇒ analog Output 5
- Output Byte 12, 13 ⇒ analog Output 6
- Output Byte 14, 15 ⇒ analog Output 7

Value :1000 = analog value in mA (z.B. 9987 : 1000 = 9,987mA)



e.g.

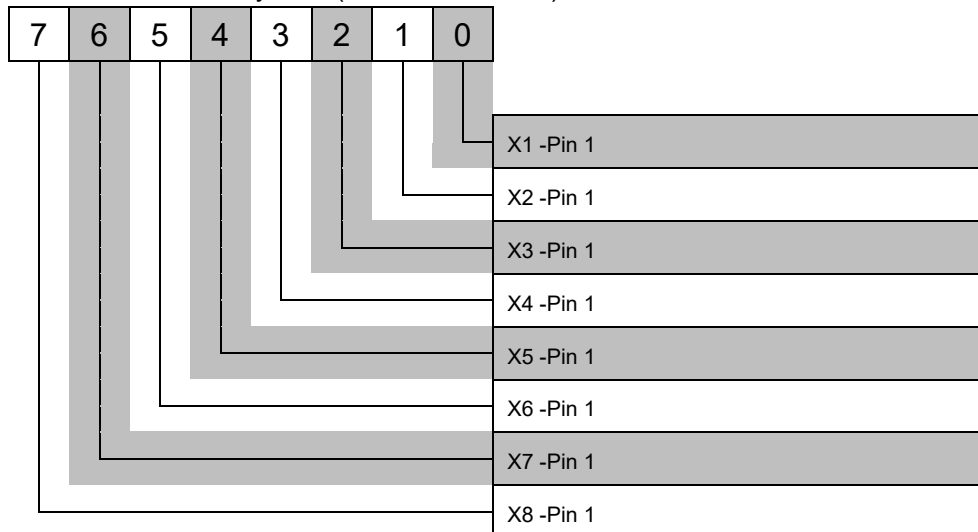
Value[mA]	hex		dex	
4,000	0F	A0	15	160
10,000	27	10	39	16
15,000	3A	98	58	152
20,000	4E	20	78	32
25,000	61	A8	97	168
	Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 0	Byte 1



## 9.14 Output Byte 16...19 ⇒ Channel ON / OFF

- Output Byte 16 ⇒ Channel ON / OFF on Pin 1
- Output Byte 17 ⇒ Channel ON / OFF on Pin 3
- Output Byte 18 ⇒ Channel ON / OFF on Pin 5
- Output Byte 19 ⇒ Channel ON / OFF on Pin 7

Channel ON/OFF Byte 16 (0 = ON ; 1 = OFF)



The channels can be switched on via bytes 16 to byte 19!



To turn on the function of Pin 1, 3, 5, 7 the bytes 16 to 18 are always set to "1". The DO function can be turn on and off via this Bytes.



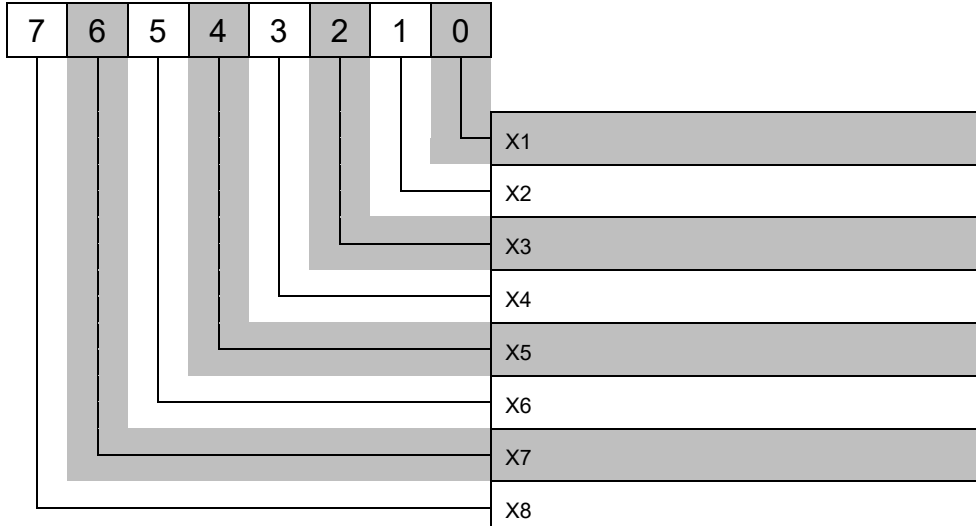
A short circuit at DO or at DI leads to the immediate shutdown of the affected pin. Every 5 seconds, it is checked whether the short circuit is still present. Only when the error has been corrected, the pin automatic switch on.



### 9.15 Output Byte 21 ⇒ SwitchMode

Output Byte 21 ⇒ SwitchMode ON / OFF

SwitchMode ON/OFF Byte 21 (1 = ON ; 0 = OFF)



A mechanical switch can be connected to the module through the SwitchMode.

	8xDI / 8xDO / 8xAI / 8xAO 8xDI / 16xDO / 8xAI 8xDI / 8xDO / 8xSwitch Mode  Zone 1 Type : <b>14200*00</b> Zone 2 Type : <b>24200*00</b>	16DI / 16DO 16DI / 8DO / 8AIO 16xDI / 8xDO / 8xSwitch Mode  Zone 1 Type : <b>14200*01</b> Zone 2 Type : <b>24200*01</b>	32DI  Zone 1 Type : <b>14200*02</b> Zone 2 Type : <b>24200*02</b>
①			DI
②	GND	GND / Switch Mode(-)	GND
③		DI	DI
④	GND	GND	GND
⑤	DI	DI	DI
⑥	GND	GND	GND
⑦	DO	DO	DI
⑧	GND	GND	GND

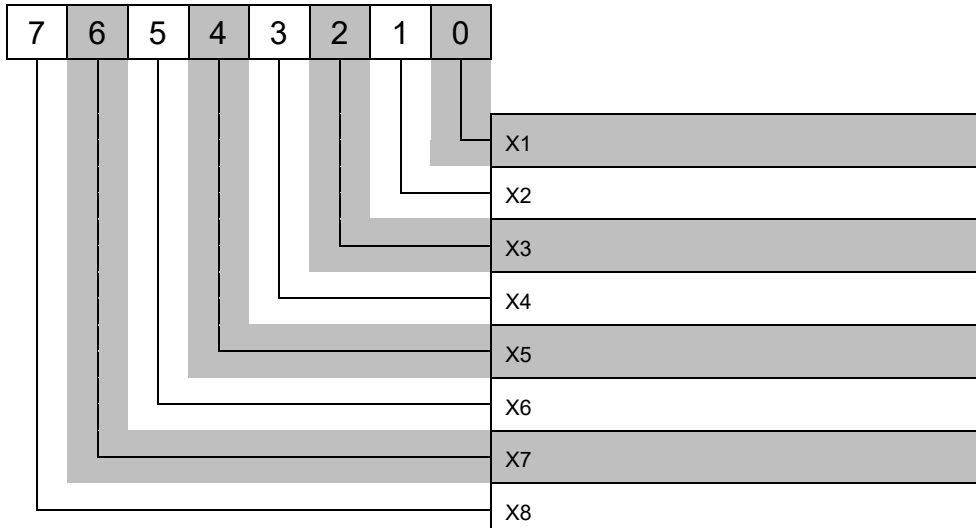
In SwitchMode, the module will output 4 mA at the analog output and read back the 4 mA at the analog input when the switch is closed. Then a "1" is reported on the input byte 16. If the switch is open, no current flows into the analog input and the corresponding bit is "0".

➔ The corresponding analog channels must also be activated.

## 9.16 Output Byte 22 ⇒ AO to DO (Type \*00)

Output Byte 22 ⇒ AO to DO ON / OFF (default = 0 = AO)

Digital Mode ON/OFF Byte 22 (1 = ON ; 0 = OFF)



The analogue output can be used as a digital output ( $I_{max} = 25mA$ ).

Thus, the analog output at pin 3 behaves like a digital output.  
Switching on and off takes place via the Output Byte 17.

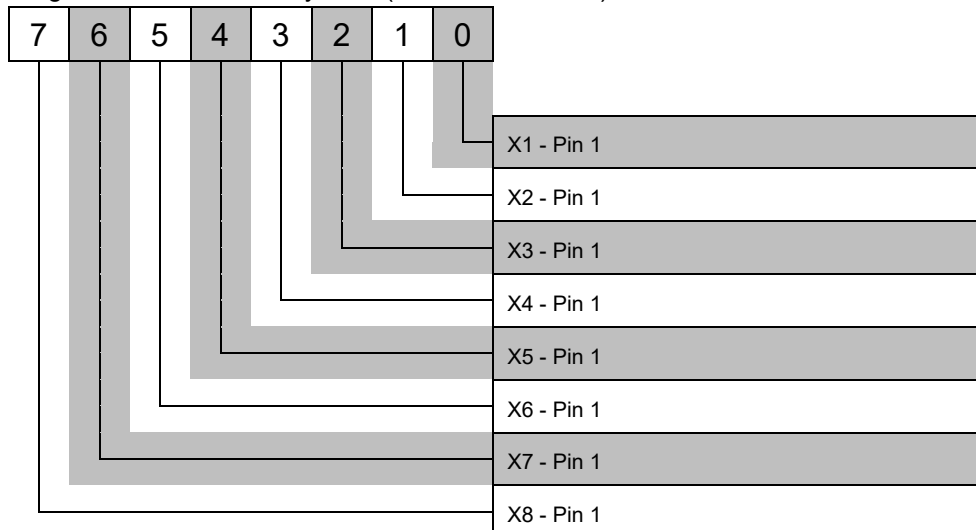
	8xDI / 8xDO / 8xAI / 8xAO 8xDI / 16xDO / 8xAI 8xDI / 8xDO / 8xSwitch Mode  Zone 1 Type : <b>14200*00</b> Zone 2 Type : <b>24200*00</b>	16DI / 16DO 16DI / 8DO / 8AIO 16xDI / 8xDO / 8xSwitch Mode  Zone 1 Type : <b>14200*01</b> Zone 2 Type : <b>24200*01</b>	32DI  Zone 1 Type : <b>14200*02</b> Zone 2 Type : <b>24200*02</b>
①	AI / Switch Mode(-)	DO / AO / AI / Switch Mode(+)	DI
②	GND	GND / Switch Mode(-)	GND
③	AO / DO	DI	DI
④	GND	GND	GND
⑤	DI	DI	DI
⑥	GND	GND	GND
⑦	DO	DO	DI
⑧	GND	GND	GND

Openload and short circuit detection is not active on these channels.

## 9.17 Output Byte 23 ⇒ DO to AO (Type \*01)

Output Byte 23 ⇒ DO → AO ON / OFF (default = 0 = DO)

Digital Mode ON/OFF Byte 23 (1 = ON ; 0 = OFF)



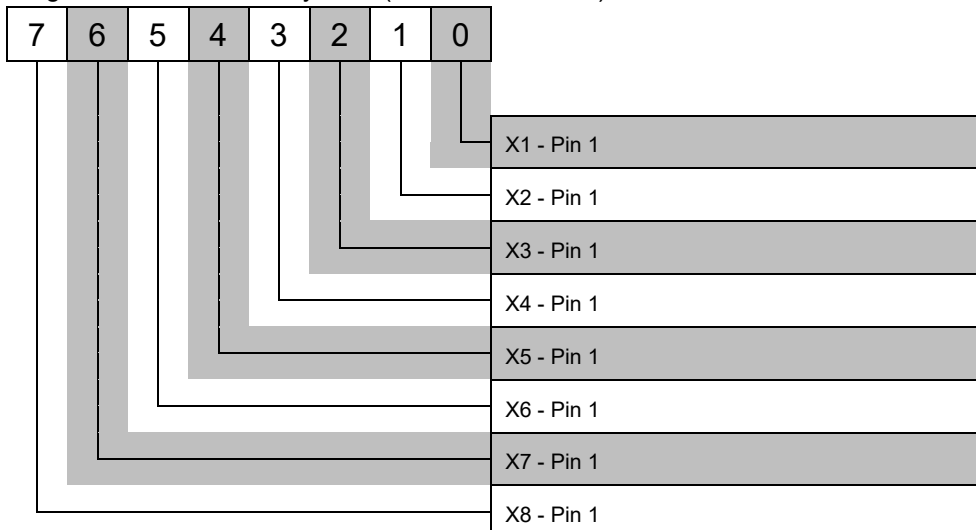
Thus Pin on 14200\*01 and 24200\*01 can be used as DO, AO oder AI (I<sub>max</sub> = 25mA).

	8xDI / 8xDO / 8xAI / 8xAO 8xDI / 16xDO / 8xAI 8xDI / 8xDO / 8xSwitch Mode  Zone 1 Type : <b>14200*00</b> Zone 2 Type : <b>24200*00</b>	16DI / 16DO 16DI / 8DO / 8AIO 16xDI / 8xDO / 8xSwitch Mode  Zone 1 Type : <b>14200*01</b> Zone 2 Type : <b>24200*01</b>	32DI  Zone 1 Type : <b>14200*02</b> Zone 2 Type : <b>24200*02</b>
	1 AI / Switch Mode(-)	DO / AO	DI
	2 GND	GND / Switch Mode(-)	GND
	3 AO / DO / Switch Mode(+)	DI	DI
	4 GND	GND	GND
	5 DI	DI	DI
	6 GND	GND	GND
	7 DO	DO	DI
	8 GND	GND	GND


## 9.18 Output Byte 24 ⇒ DO to AI (Type \*01)

Output Byte 23 ⇒ DO -> AI ON / OFF (default = 0 = DO)

Digital Mode ON/OFF Byte 24 (1 = ON ; 0 = OFF)



Thus Pin on 14200\*01 and 24200\*01 can be used as DO, AO oder AI (Imax = 25mA).

	8xDI / 8xDO / 8xAI / 8xAO 8xDI / 16xDO / 8xAI 8xDI / 8xDO / 8xSwitch Mode  Zone 1 Type : <b>14200*00</b> Zone 2 Type : <b>24200*00</b>	16DI / 16DO 16DI / 8DO / 8AIO 16xDI / 8xDO / 8xSwitch Mode  Zone 1 Type : <b>14200*01</b> Zone 2 Type : <b>24200*01</b>	32DI  Zone 1 Type : <b>14200*02</b> Zone 2 Type : <b>24200*02</b>
	1 AI / Switch Mode(-)	DO / AI	DI
	2 GND	GND / Switch Mode(-)	GND
	3 AO / DO / Switch Mode(+)	DI	DI
	4 GND	GND	GND
	5 DI	DI	DI
	6 GND	GND	GND
	7 DO	DO	DI
	8 GND	GND	GND

## 9.17 Output Byte 20, 23...63 ⇒ Reserve

All "Res" bytes must be set to "0"



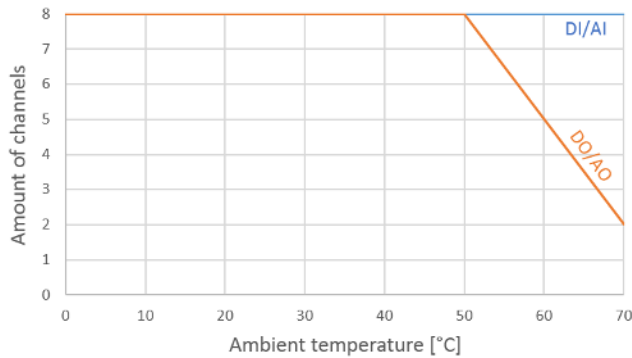
## 10 Temperature Derating

Number of simultaneously usable channels.

Not all channels may be used at the same time, if the service temperature will rise > 50°C.

The actual temperature value are transferred via the communication data.

	40°C	50°C	60°C	70°C
AI	8	8	8	8
AO	8	8	5	2
DI	8	8	8	8
DO	8	8	5	2



The device is equipped with a temperature monitoring and measures permanently the operating temperature. If the operating temperature of module exceeds 75°C, an error message is displayed in the communication data and at 85°C all output channels and the communication are switched off.



**The module automatically does switch back to operating mode, as soon as the operating temperature has reached a value < 75°C.**

## 10.1 Power Dissipation

Type \*00

Power Dissipation max. 15 W

Calculation Power Dissipation:

Idling: 5 W

AI = 150 mW per channel (8x = 1,2 W) ; AO = 600 mW per channel (8x = 4,8 W)

DI = 100 mW per channel (8x = 0,8 W) ; DO = 400 mW per channel (8x = 3,2 W)

e.g.	Idling		2 AI		1 AO		4 DI		4 DO		
	5 W	+	0,3 W	+	0,6 W	+	0,4 W	+	1,6 W	=	7,9 W

Type \*01

Power Dissipation max. 14,6 W

Calculation Power Dissipation:

Idling: 5 W

DO (AO / AI) = 600 mW per channel (8x = 4,8 W)

DI = 100 mW per channel (16x = 1,6 W) ; DO = 400 mW per channel (8x = 3,2 W)

Type \*02

Power Dissipation max. 8,2 W

Calculation Power Dissipation:

Idling: 5 W

DI = 100 mW per channel (32x = 3,2 W)

## 11 Technical Data

### Power supply

Operating voltage $U_A/U_S$ .....	DC 18...30V
Current module and sensor supply $I_S$ .....	DC 450 mA
Current actuator supply $I_A$ .....	DC 300 mA
Power dissipation .....	max. 15 W
Reverse polarity protection.....	Yes
LED Voltage > 18V.....	Green
LED Undervoltage .....	Red

### Fieldbus data

Transfer Rate.....	10/100 MBit/s
Addressing .....(Profinet).....	via DCP
Addressing .....(Modbus TCP/IP).....	DHCP or fix
Delay time for signal change.....	< 10ms
LED Ethernet Status LINK.....	Green
LED Ethernet Status ACT.....	Yellow
LED Module Status.....	Green / Red
LED channel on .....	Yellow
LED error detection .....	Red

### Ambient conditions

Permitted range of the service temperature after installation inside the additional enclosure.....	-40°C ... +70°C
Storage temperature.....	-40°C ... +80°C
Enclosure type of module (EN 60529).....	IP 20
Relative humidity .....	5 % bis 95 % not condensing
Max. operating altitude.....	2000m
Overvoltage category.....	2
Degree of pollution .....	2
Protection class (ambient).....	IP 54

### Mechanical data

Dimensions (LxWxH) .....	214 x 132 x 65 mm
Mounting holes .....	Ø 5,2
Mounting space .....	200 mm
Mounting position .....	any position
Weight .....	ca. 2700 g
Housing material .....	Aluminium (electroplated)
Housing marking .....	laser engraving



## IO - Function

	8xDI / 8xDO / 8xAI / 8xAO 8xDI / 16xDO / 8xAI 8xDI / 8xDO / 8xSwitch Mode  Zone 1 Type : <b>14200*00</b> Zone 2 Type : <b>24200*00</b>	16DI / 16DO 16DI / 8DO / 8AIO 16xDI / 8xDO / 8xSwitch Mode  Zone 1 Type : <b>14200*01</b> Zone 2 Type : <b>24200*01</b>	32DI  Zone 1 Type : <b>14200*02</b> Zone 2 Type : <b>24200*02</b>
1	AI / Switch Mode(-)	DO / AO / AI / Switch Mode(+)	DI
2	GND	GND / Switch Mode(-)	GND
3	AO / DO / Switch Mode(+)	DI	DI
4	GND	GND	GND
5	DI	DI	DI
6	GND	GND	GND
7	DO	DO	DI
8	GND	GND	GND


DI Namur.....	8,2V (I<1,2mA = on) (I>2,1mA = off)
DO (can also be used as power supply).....	24V (I <sub>max</sub> = 25mA)
AI and AO.....	24V 4..20mA (0..25mA)
Resolution AI and AO.....	16 Bit
Measurement deviation (at +25°C).....	± 0,1% in range 4 ... 20mA
Ambient temperature influence .....	± 0,01%/K
AO to DO, DO to AO, DO to AI.....	24V (I <sub>max</sub> = 25mA)
Switch Mode.....	24V(I <sub>max</sub> = 4mA)

## Diagnoses

Open load detection .....	Yes, per pin
Prefault detection .....	Yes, per pin
Short circuit detection .....	Yes, per pin
Operating hour counter .....	24 Bit



## Electrical connection

 Earthing / Equipotential bonding via M4 screw and eyelet	
Cable cross-section .....	min. 4,0 mm <sup>2</sup>
CAGE CLAMP® connection technology	
X1-X8 (pluggable) Inputs / Outputs (Ex i)	
Cable cross-section .....	max. 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup>
X9 Power supply (Ex e)	
Cable cross-section .....	max. 2,5 mm <sup>2</sup>
X10 Bus (Ex e)	
Cable cross-section .....	max. 2,5 mm <sup>2</sup>

## Commercial data

### Zone 1/21

BEx1(8AI/8AO/8DI/8DO)	
Profinet Order No.	14200100
Modbus Order No.	14200300
BEx1(16DI/16DO)	
Profinet Order No.	14200101
Modbus Order No.	14200301
BEx1(32DI)	
Profinet Order No.	14200102
Modbus Order No.	14200302

### Zone 2 /22




BEx2(8AI/8AO/8DI/8DO)	
Profinet Order No.	24200100
Modbus Order No.	24200300
BEx2(16DI/16DO)	
Profinet Order No.	24200101
Modbus Order No.	24200301
BEx2(32DI)	
Profinet Order No.	24200102
Modbus Order No.	24200302

Country of origin.....	DE
Packaging unit.....	1
Customs tariff number.....	85176200

## 12 Approval safety data

Max.  $U_m$  X9 / X10

DC 30 V

Terminals	Parameter																																				
<u>Terminal block X1 to X8</u>	(Output parameters of each clamp, clamps are not allowed to be combined)																																				
Clamp <sub>26V</sub> .....	$U_0 = 26 \text{ V d.c.}$ $I_0 = 82 \text{ mA}$ $P_0 = 533 \text{ mW}$																																				
	IIC																																				
	<table border="1"> <tr> <td><math>L_0</math></td> <td>3 mH</td> <td>1 mH</td> <td>0,5 mH</td> <td>0 mH</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>C_0</math></td> <td>42 nF</td> <td>62 nF</td> <td>78 nF</td> <td>99 nF</td> </tr> </table>	$L_0$	3 mH	1 mH	0,5 mH	0 mH	$C_0$	42 nF	62 nF	78 nF	99 nF																										
$L_0$	3 mH	1 mH	0,5 mH	0 mH																																	
$C_0$	42 nF	62 nF	78 nF	99 nF																																	
	Group IIB / III																																				
	<table border="1"> <tr> <td><math>L_0</math></td> <td>20 mH</td> <td>2 mH</td> <td>0,5 mH</td> <td>0 mH</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>C_0</math></td> <td>350 nF</td> <td>350 nF</td> <td>490 nF</td> <td>770 nF</td> </tr> </table>	$L_0$	20 mH	2 mH	0,5 mH	0 mH	$C_0$	350 nF	350 nF	490 nF	770 nF																										
$L_0$	20 mH	2 mH	0,5 mH	0 mH																																	
$C_0$	350 nF	350 nF	490 nF	770 nF																																	
Clamp <sub>9,6V</sub> .....	$U_0 = 9,6 \text{ V d.c.}$ $I_0 = 31 \text{ mA}$ $P_0 = 75 \text{ mW}$																																				
	IIC																																				
	<table border="1"> <tr> <td><math>L_0</math></td> <td>49 mH</td> <td>10 mH</td> <td>1 mH</td> <td>0 mH</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>C_0</math></td> <td>310 nF</td> <td>640 nF</td> <td>1.1 <math>\mu\text{F}</math></td> <td>3.6 <math>\mu\text{F}</math></td> </tr> </table>	$L_0$	49 mH	10 mH	1 mH	0 mH	$C_0$	310 nF	640 nF	1.1 $\mu\text{F}$	3.6 $\mu\text{F}$																										
$L_0$	49 mH	10 mH	1 mH	0 mH																																	
$C_0$	310 nF	640 nF	1.1 $\mu\text{F}$	3.6 $\mu\text{F}$																																	
	Group IIB / III																																				
	<table border="1"> <tr> <td><math>L_0</math></td> <td>100 mH</td> <td>10 mH</td> <td>1 mH</td> <td>0 mH</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>C_0</math></td> <td>2 <math>\mu\text{F}</math></td> <td>3.6 <math>\mu\text{F}</math></td> <td>6.1 <math>\mu\text{F}</math></td> <td>26 <math>\mu\text{F}</math></td> </tr> </table>	$L_0$	100 mH	10 mH	1 mH	0 mH	$C_0$	2 $\mu\text{F}$	3.6 $\mu\text{F}$	6.1 $\mu\text{F}$	26 $\mu\text{F}$																										
$L_0$	100 mH	10 mH	1 mH	0 mH																																	
$C_0$	2 $\mu\text{F}$	3.6 $\mu\text{F}$	6.1 $\mu\text{F}$	26 $\mu\text{F}$																																	
Clamp <sub>GND</sub> .....	galvanically separated from input GND																																				
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Type : 14200*00 Type : 24200*00</th> <th>Type : 14200*01 Type : 24200*01</th> <th>Type : 14200*02 Type : 24200*02</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td> Clamp 1</td> <td><math>U_0 = 26 \text{ V d.c.}</math></td> <td><math>U_0 = 26 \text{ V d.c.}</math></td> <td><math>U_0 = 9,6 \text{ V d.c.}</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Clamp 2</td> <td>GND</td> <td>GND</td> <td>GND</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Clamp 3</td> <td><math>U_0 = 26 \text{ V d.c.}</math></td> <td><math>U_0 = 9,6 \text{ V d.c.}</math></td> <td><math>U_0 = 9,6 \text{ V d.c.}</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Clamp 4</td> <td>GND</td> <td>GND</td> <td>GND</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Clamp 5</td> <td><math>U_0 = 9,6 \text{ V d.c.}</math></td> <td><math>U_0 = 9,6 \text{ V d.c.}</math></td> <td><math>U_0 = 9,6 \text{ V d.c.}</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Clamp 6</td> <td>GND</td> <td>GND</td> <td>GND</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Clamp 7</td> <td><math>U_0 = 26 \text{ V d.c.}</math></td> <td><math>U_0 = 26 \text{ V d.c.}</math></td> <td><math>U_0 = 9,6 \text{ V d.c.}</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Clamp 8</td> <td>GND</td> <td>GND</td> <td>GND</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Type : 14200*00 Type : 24200*00	Type : 14200*01 Type : 24200*01	Type : 14200*02 Type : 24200*02	 Clamp 1	$U_0 = 26 \text{ V d.c.}$	$U_0 = 26 \text{ V d.c.}$	$U_0 = 9,6 \text{ V d.c.}$	Clamp 2	GND	GND	GND	Clamp 3	$U_0 = 26 \text{ V d.c.}$	$U_0 = 9,6 \text{ V d.c.}$	$U_0 = 9,6 \text{ V d.c.}$	Clamp 4	GND	GND	GND	Clamp 5	$U_0 = 9,6 \text{ V d.c.}$	$U_0 = 9,6 \text{ V d.c.}$	$U_0 = 9,6 \text{ V d.c.}$	Clamp 6	GND	GND	GND	Clamp 7	$U_0 = 26 \text{ V d.c.}$	$U_0 = 26 \text{ V d.c.}$	$U_0 = 9,6 \text{ V d.c.}$	Clamp 8	GND	GND	GND
	Type : 14200*00 Type : 24200*00	Type : 14200*01 Type : 24200*01	Type : 14200*02 Type : 24200*02																																		
 Clamp 1	$U_0 = 26 \text{ V d.c.}$	$U_0 = 26 \text{ V d.c.}$	$U_0 = 9,6 \text{ V d.c.}$																																		
Clamp 2	GND	GND	GND																																		
Clamp 3	$U_0 = 26 \text{ V d.c.}$	$U_0 = 9,6 \text{ V d.c.}$	$U_0 = 9,6 \text{ V d.c.}$																																		
Clamp 4	GND	GND	GND																																		
Clamp 5	$U_0 = 9,6 \text{ V d.c.}$	$U_0 = 9,6 \text{ V d.c.}$	$U_0 = 9,6 \text{ V d.c.}$																																		
Clamp 6	GND	GND	GND																																		
Clamp 7	$U_0 = 26 \text{ V d.c.}$	$U_0 = 26 \text{ V d.c.}$	$U_0 = 9,6 \text{ V d.c.}$																																		
Clamp 8	GND	GND	GND																																		



## 13 Explosion Protection

### BEx1

EPS 19 ATEX 1 219 X



II 2(1) G Ex eb mb [ia Ga] IIC T4 Gb

II (1) D [Ex ia Da] IIIC

IECEX EPS 19.0093X

Ex eb mb [ia Ga] IIC T4 Gb

[Ex ia Da] IIIC

### BEx2

EPS 19 ATEX 1 248 X



II 3(1) G Ex ec mc [ia Ga] IIC T4 Gc

II (1) D [Ex ia Da] IIIC

IECEX EPS 19.0111X

Ex ec mc [ia Ga] IIC T4 Gc

[Ex ia Da] IIIC

### 13.1 Specific Conditions of use for BEx1

- The BEx1-Remote IO of the types 14200100, 14200200, 14200300, 14200400, 14200500 and 14200600 shall be mounted in an enclosure which is fully certified according to the directive 2014/34/EU and the IECEX-Scheme. The installation of the IO modules of the types mentioned above shall be acknowledged by the certification of the enclosure.
- The permitted range of the service temperature after installation inside the additional enclosure is -40 °C to +70 °C.
- The non-intrinsically safe terminals of the equipment (terminals X9 and X10) shall be supplied by a source providing SELV output circuit or conforming to IEC 61010 or IEC 60950 (Um=30V DC).

### 13.2 Specific Conditions of use for BEx2

- The BEx2 module have to be installed in a suitable housing according the EN 60079-7:2018 in such a way, that a degree of protection of at least IP 54 is reached.
- The non-intrinsically safe terminals of the equipment (terminals X9 and X10) shall be supplied by a source providing SELV output circuit or conforming to IEC 61010 or IEC 60950 (Um=30V DC).

## 14 Service, Maintenance

The module is maintenance-free.

Observe the intended function.

Follow the guidelines of IEC / EN 60079-17.

According to EN / IEC 60079-17 and EN / IEC 60079-19, the operator of electrical installations in potentially explosive atmospheres is obliged to have these systems checked by a qualified electrician to ensure that they are in a proper condition.

## 15 Repair

The device is potted. It can not be repaired. If you have any questions, please contact BEx-Solution GmbH.

## 16 Disposal

Observe the national waste disposal regulations!






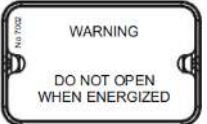

## 17 Transport and Storage

Transport and storage are only allowed in original packaging.



## 18 Accessories / Spare parts

On request

	<p>Spring strip with gripping plate; Cable bundling function and unlocking aid 8-pole Use for terminal strip X1-X8 Source of supply: Wago Article number: 2091-1108 / 002-000</p>
	<p>Snap-on tag color white - UTC-EM (20 * 8) Use labeling terminal strips Source of supply: Phoenix Contact Article number: 0801477</p>
	<p>Coding key carrier; suitable for pitch 3.5 mm Use for terminal strip X1-X8 Source of supply: Wago Article number: 2091-1610</p>
	<p>Operating tool; plastic Use for terminal block X9 - X10 Source of supply: Wago Article number: 236-332</p>
	<p>Cover cap For X9 Article number: 7001</p>
	<p>Cover cap For X10 Article number: 7001</p>
	<p>Cover cap set For X9 and X10 Article number: 7000</p>

## 19 Troubleshooting

Malfunction	Possible causes	Action
The channels do not react	Each channel must be switched on individually	Output Bytes 16 to 19 are set to 0xFF, so all channels are switched on and the outputs are set.
Digital output does not switch anymore	If there is an overload or a short circuit at an output, it will be switched off. The output remains switched off even after removing the error.	To reset the short-circuit memory, the output must be switched off via the PLC.
Error message to unused pins.	No sensors or actuators connected to these pins	The pins can be switched off individually via the Output Bytes 16 to 19.



## EU Declaration of Conformity

### BEx EU - Konformitätserklärung



#### EU - Declaration of conformity / UE – Déclaration de conformité

Wir / We / Nous


**BEx-Solution GmbH**  
Lange Str. 99  
76199 Karlsruhe  
Germany

*erklären in alleiniger Verantwortung, dass das hier genannte Produkt den aufgeführten Richtlinien (RL) entspricht:  
declare in sole responsibility that the product complies with the listed directives:  
déclarons sous la seule responsabilité que le produit est conforme aux directives énumérées:*

**BEx1 Remote IO Modul**  
Type 14200\*00 / 14200\*01 / 14200\*02

<i>Richtlinien / directives / directives</i>	<i>Normen / Standards / Normes</i>
ATEX 2014/34/EU	EN IEC 60079-0:2018 EN 60079-7:2018 EN 60079-11:2012 EN 60079-18/AC:2018
EMV / EMC / CEM 2014/30/EU	EN 61000-6-2:2019-11 EN 61000-6-4:2020-09
RoHS 2011/65/EU 2015/863/EU	

#### **Kennzeichnung / Marking / Marquage**

 II 2(1) G Ex eb mb [ia Ga] IIC T4 Gb  
II (1) D [Ex ia Da] IIIC

 2813


#### **EU-Baumusterprüfbescheinigung / EU-Type Examination / Examen de type UE**

EPS 19 ATEX 1 219 X  
Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services Germany GmbH  
Notified body No. 2004  
Wilhelm-Hennemann-Straße 8, 19061 Schwerin, Germany

#### **Qualitätsmanagement System / Quality Management System / Système de gestion de qualité**

ISO 9001:2015

Karlsruhe, 2021 / 03 / 26

  
-----  
Ralf Bauermeister - CEO

9003\_EU-Konf\_BEx1\_2021-03-26



## BEx EU - Konformitätserklärung



### EU - Declaration of conformity / UE – Déclaration de conformité

*Wir / We / Nous*


**BEx-Solution GmbH**  
Lange Str. 99  
76199 Karlsruhe  
Germany

*erklären in alleiniger Verantwortung, dass das hier genannte Produkt den aufgeführten Richtlinien (RL) entspricht:  
declare in sole responsibility that the product complies with the listed directives:  
déclarons sous la seule responsabilité que le produit est conforme aux directives énumérées:*

**BEx2 Remote IO Modul**  
Type 24200\*00 / 24200\*01 / 24200\*02

<i>Richtlinien / directives / directives</i>	<i>Normen / Standards / Normes</i>
ATEX 2014/34/EU	EN IEC 60079-0:2018 EN 60079-7:2018 EN 60079-11:2012 EN 60079-18/AC:2018
EMV / EMC / CEM 2014/30/EU	EN 61000-6-2:2019-11 EN 61000-6-4:2020-09
RoHS 2011/65/EU 2015/863/EU	

#### *Kennzeichnung / Marking / Marquage*

 II 3(1) G Ex ec mc [ia Ga] IIC T4 Gc  
II (1) D [Ex ia Da] IIIC



#### *EU-Baumusterprüfbescheinigung / EU-Type Examination / Examen de type UE*

EPS 19 ATEX 1 248 X  
Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services Germany GmbH  
Notified body No. 2004  
Wilhelm-Hennemann-Straße 8, 19061 Schwerin, Germany

#### *Qualitätsmanagement System / Quality Management System / Système de gestion de qualité*

ISO 9001:2015

Karlsruhe, 2021 / 03 / 26



Ralf Bauermeister - CEO


9203\_EU-Konf\_BEx2\_2021-03-26



## List of Abbreviations

ATEX	<b>AT</b> mosphères <b>Exp</b> losibles
AI	Analog Input
AO	Analog Output
BEx1	Product name
CE	Communauté Européenne
DI	Digital Input
DO	Digital Output
Diag	Diagnoses
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility
EU	European Union
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission
IP	International Protection (code)
IO	Input-Output
LED	Light-Emitting Diode
Pin	Terminal
Res	Reserve

## Annex 1 Byte allocation of the different modules

	8xDI / 8xDO / 8xAI / 8xAO 8xDI / 16xDO / 8xAI 8xDI / 8xDO / 8xSwitch Mode  Zone 1 Type : <b>14200*00</b> Zone 2 Type : <b>24200*00</b>	16DI / 16DO 16DI / 8DO / 8AIO 16xDI / 8xDO / 8xSwitch Mode  Zone 1 Type : <b>14200*01</b> Zone 2 Type : <b>24200*01</b>	32DI  Zone 1 Type : <b>14200*02</b> Zone 2 Type : <b>24200*02</b>
	1 AI / Switch Mode(-)	DO / AO / AI / Switch Mode(+)	DI
	2 GND	GND / Switch Mode(-)	GND
	3 AO / DO / Switch Mode(+)	DI	DI
	4 GND	GND	GND
	5 DI	DI	DI
	6 GND	GND	GND
	7 DO	DO	DI
	8 GND	GND	GND

IB = Input byte (Modul → SPS)

OB = Output byte (SPS → Modul)

	8xDI / 8xDO / 8xAI / 8xAO 8xDI / 16xDO / 8xAI 8xDI / 8xDO / 8xSwitch Mode  Zone 1 Type : <b>14200*00</b> Zone 2 Type : <b>24200*00</b>	16DI / 16DO 16DI / 8DO / 8AIO 16xDI / 8xDO / 8xSwitch Mode  Zone 1 Type : <b>14200*01</b> Zone 2 Type : <b>24200*01</b>	32DI  Zone 1 Type : <b>14200*02</b> Zone 2 Type : <b>24200*02</b>						
PIN	Function	activated	IO Data	Function	activated	IO Data	Function	activated	IO Data
1	AI	OB 16	IB 0..15	DO	OB 16	OB 16	DI	OB 16	IB 16
	Switch Mode (-)	OB 16 OB 21	IB 16	AO	OB 16 OB 23	OB 0..15			
				AI	OB 16 OB 24	IB 0..15			
				Switch Mode (+)	OB 16 OB 21	IB 16			
2	GND			GND / SwitchMode (-)			GND		
3	AO	OB 17	OB 0..15	DI	OB 17	IB 17	DI	OB 17	IB 17
	DO	OB 17 OB 22	OB 17						
	Switch Mode (+)	OB 17 OB 21	IB 16						
4	GND			GND			GND		
5	DI	OB 18	IB 18	DI	OB 18	IB 18	DI	OB 18	IB 18
6	GND			GND			GND		
7	DO	OB 19	OB 19	DO	OB 19	OB 19	DI	OB 19	IB 19
8	GND			GND			GND		

## Annex 2 How to start data exchange with PLC

All values will be shown as decimal and in brackets in hexadecimal

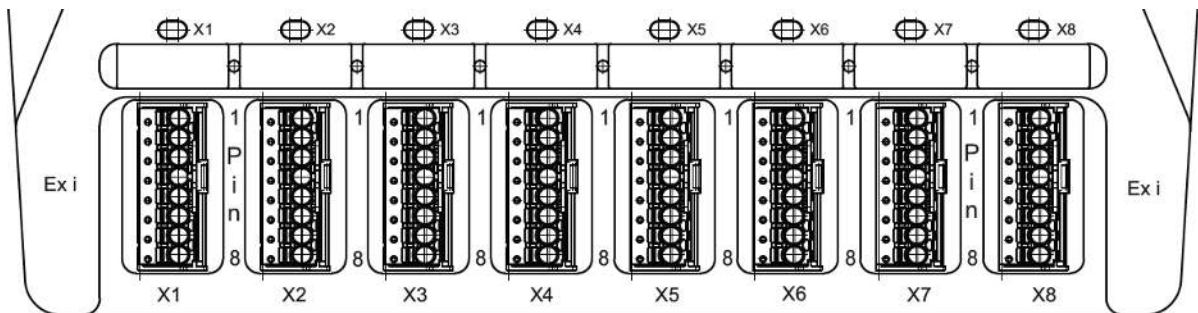
- ⇒ To activate all function (AI, AO, DI, DO) for all channels you have to set the Byte 16 to 19 to **255 (0xFF)** continuously (in each cycle).
- ⇒ If you don't use a channel, set the corresponding bit to **0 (0x00)**.

64Output byte – from SPS to Rem

0	1	2	3	4
High	AO	Low	AO	A
	X1		X2	X
	Pin3		Pin3	Pin

16	17	18	19	20
ON/OFF	ON/OFF	ON/OFF	ON/OFF	Res
X1-X8	X1-X8	X1-X8	X1-X8	
Pin 1	Pin 3	Pin 5	Pin 7	

If you only use a part of this function, here is some example how to set the bytes 16 to 19



- ⇒ Byte 16 for the analog input (Type \*00)

If you have three AI Sensors connected on X1, X4 and X8

Clamp	X1	X2	X3	X4	X5	X6	X7	X8
Value	1	2	4	8	16	32	64	128
Connected	yes	-	-	yes	-	-	-	yes

Just add the values :  $1 + 8 + 128 = 137$

Binär :  $10001001 = 137$

**Byte 16 = 137 (0x89)**

⇒ Byte 17 for the analog output (Type \*00)

If you have five AO Actuators connected on X3, X4, X6 and X8

Clamp	X1	X2	X3	X4	X5	X6	X7	X8
Value	1	2	4	8	16	32	64	128
Connected	-	-	yes	yes	-	yes	-	yes

Just add the values :  $4 + 8 + 32 + 128 = 172$     Binär :  $10101100 = 172$

**Byte 17 = 172 (0xAC)**

⇒ Byte 18 for the digital input (Type \*00, \*01 and \*02)

If you have seven DI Namur sensors connected on X1, X2, X4, X6, X7 and X8

Clamp	X1	X2	X3	X4	X5	X6	X7	X8
Value	1	2	4	8	16	32	64	128
Connected	yes	yes	-	yes	-	yes	yes	yes

Just add the values :  $1 + 2 + 8 + 32 + 64 + 128 = 235$     Binär :  $11101011 = 235$

**Byte 18 = 235 (0xEB)**

⇒ Byte 19 for the digital output (Type \*00 and \*01)

If you have four DO Actuators connected on X3, X5, X6 and X7

Clamp	X1	X2	X3	X4	X5	X6	X7	X8
Value	1	2	4	8	16	32	64	128
Connected	-	-	yes	-	yes	yes	yes	-

Just add the values :  $4 + 16 + 32 + 64 = 116$     Binär :  $01110100 = 116$

**Byte 19 = 116 (0x74)**

You can set and reset this value in your PLC program to turn on and off the DO channels

⇒ Byte 21 for the switch mode (Type \*00 and \*01)

If you use this mode you also have to turn on the equivalent bit in byte 16 and 17 (Type \*00) according Byte 16 (Type \*01)

Three switches on clamp X4, X6, X8

Clamp	X1	X2	X3	X4	X5	X6	X7	X8
Value	1	2	4	8	16	32	64	128
Connected	-	-	-	yes	-	yes	-	yes

Just add the values :  $8 + 32 + 128 = 168$     Binär :  $10101000 = 168$  dez

**Byte 21 = 168 (0xA8)**



⇒ Byte 22 mode “AO to DO“ (Type \*00)

If you use this mode you also have to turn on the equivalent bit in byte 17.

If you have four DO Actuators connected on X1, X3, X4, X6 and X8.

Clamp	X1	X2	X3	X4	X5	X6	X7	X8
Value	1	2	4	8	16	32	64	128
Connected	yes	-	yes	yes	-	yes	-	yes
Byte 17	1		1	1		1		1
Byte 22	1		1	1		1		1

Just add the values:  $1 + 4 + 8 + 32 + 128 = 173$  Binär: 10101101= 173 dez

**Byte 17 = 173 (0xAD) ; Byte 22 = 173 (0xAD)**

The output can be turn on and off via the Byte 17.

⇒ Byte 23 mode “DO to AO“ (Type \*01)

If you use this mode you also have to turn on the equivalent bit in byte 16.

If you have four AO Actuators connected on X2, X5, X6 and X7.

Clamp	X1	X2	X3	X4	X5	X6	X7	X8
Value	1	2	4	8	16	32	64	128
Connected	-	yes	-	-	yes	yes	yes	-
Byte 16		1			1	1	1	
Byte 23		1			1	1	1	

Just add the values:  $2 + 16 + 32 + 64 = 114$

Binär: 1110010 = 114 dez

**Byte16 = Byte 22 = 114 (0x72)**

The analog Values can be set via output Byte 0..15.

⇒ Byte 24 mode “DO to AI“ (Type \*01)

If you use this mode you also have to turn on the equivalent bit in byte 16.

If you have three AI Sensors connected on X3, X5 and X6.

Clamp	X1	X2	X3	X4	X5	X6	X7	X8
Value	1	2	4	8	16	32	64	128
Connected	-	-	yes	-	yes	yes		-
Byte 16			1		1	1		
Byte 24			1		1	1		

Just add the values:  $4 + 16 + 32 = 52$

Binär: 0110100= 52 dez

**Byte 16 = Byte 22 = 52 (0x34)**

The analog Values are on the input Byte 0..15.

Some complex sample (Type \*00)

3x AI X2, X7, X8 (AI + and AI -)

4x AO X1, X2, X3, X5 (AO + and GND)

6x DI X2, X3, X4, X6, X7, X8 (DI + and GND)

7x DO X1, X3, X4, X5, X6, X7, X8 (DO + and GND)

2x switch mode X4, X6 (SW + and SW -)

2x AO to DO mode X7, X8 (Power supply for AI +)

Clamp	X1	X2	X3	X4	X5	X6	X7	X8	Result
Value	1	2	4	8	16	32	64	128	
Pin 1 (Byte 16)	-	AI -	-	SW -	-	SW -	AI -	AI -	234
Pin 2 - GND									
Pin 3 (Byte 17)	AO +	AO +	AO +	SW+	AO +	SW+	AI +	AI +	255
Pin 4 - GND									
Pin 5 (Byte 18)	-	DI +	DI +	DI +	-	DI +	DI +	DI +	238
Pin 6 - GND									
Pin 7 (Byte 19)	DO +	AI +	DO +	DO +	DO +	DO +	DO +	DO +	255
Pin 8 - GND									
Switch (Byte 21)	-	-	-	yes	-	yes	-	-	40
AOtoDO (Byte 22)	-	-	-	-	-	-	yes	yes	192

For this example output bytes has to be written with this values.

These values must be transferred each cycle (continuous).

16	17	18	19	20	21	22
ON/OFF X1-X8 Pin 1	ON/OFF X1-X8 Pin 3	ON/OFF X1-X8 Pin 5	ON/OFF X1-X8 Pin 7	Res	Switch X1-X8 1 - 3	AO to DO X1-X8 Pin 3
<b>234</b>	<b>255</b>	<b>238</b>	<b>255</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>192</b>
<b>0xEA</b>	<b>0xFF</b>	<b>0xEE</b>	<b>0xFF</b>	<b>0x00</b>	<b>0x28</b>	<b>0xC0</b>



Free for your use

Clamp	X1	X2	X3	X4	X5	X6	X7	X8	result
Value	1	2	4	8	16	32	64	128	
Pin 1 (Byte 16)									
Pin 2 - GND									
Pin 3 (Byte 17)									
Pin 4 - GND									
Pin 5 (Byte 18)									
Pin 6 - GND									
Pin 7 (Byte 19)									
Pin 8 - GND									
SwitchMode (Byte 21)									
A Oto DO (Byte 22)									
DO to AO (Byte 23)									
DO to AI (Byte 24)									

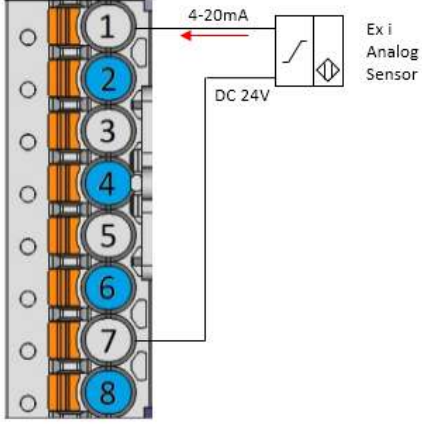
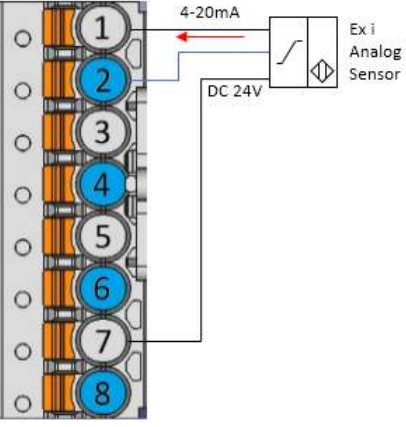
Free for your use

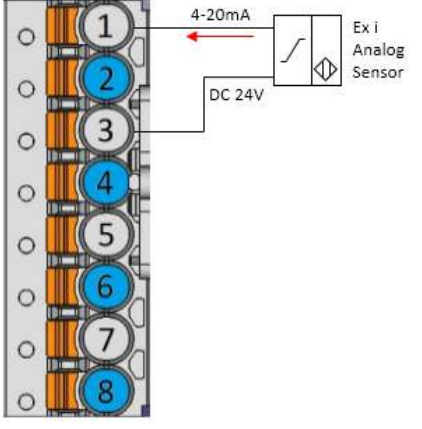
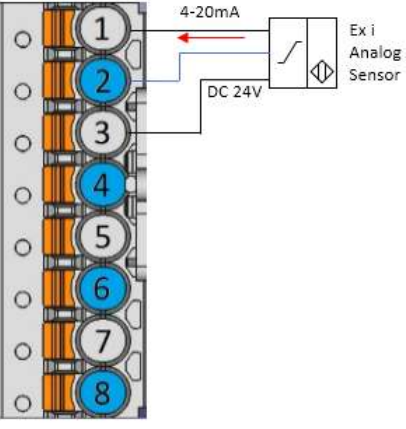
Clamp	X1	X2	X3	X4	X5	X6	X7	X8	result
Value	1	2	4	8	16	32	64	128	
Pin 1 (Byte 16)									
Pin 2 - GND									
Pin 3 (Byte 17)									
Pin 4 - GND									
Pin 5 (Byte 18)									
Pin 6 - GND									
Pin 7 (Byte 19)									
Pin 8 - GND									
SwitchMode (Byte 21)									
A Oto DO (Byte 22)									
DO to AO (Byte 23)									
DO to AI (Byte 24)									



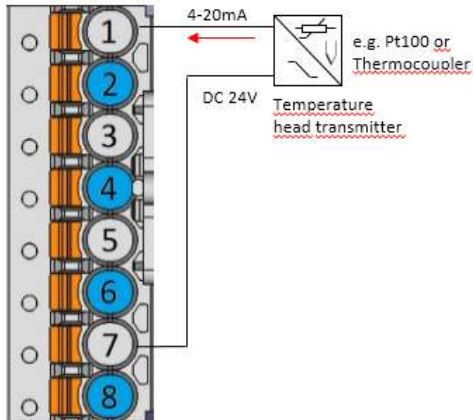
## Annex 3 Connection examples Type \*00

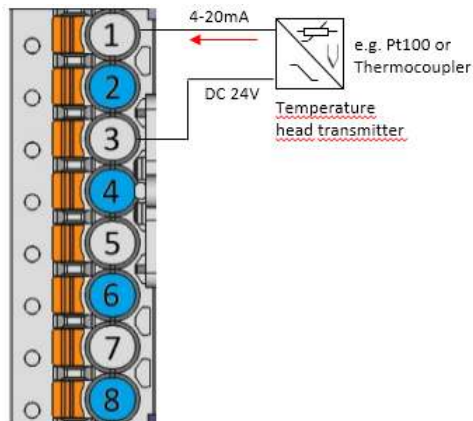
### AI - Analog input

	2 wire connection	3 wire connection
wiring diagram		
App No	10	11
Mode	Non	Non
Open load	yes	yes
short circuit	yes	yes

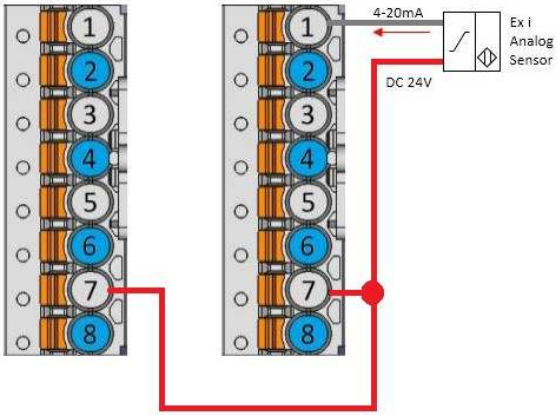

	2 wire connection	3 wire connection
wiring diagram		
App No	12	13
Mode	AO to DO	AO to DO
Open load	yes	yes
short circuit	yes	yes

## AI - Analog input (PT100 or TH)

	2 wire connection	3 wire connection
wiring diagram		
App No	14	
Mode	Non	
Open load	yes	
short circuit	yes	
External	Temperature head transmitter	

	2 wire connection	3 wire connection
wiring diagram		
App No	15	
Mode	AO to DO	
Open load	yes	
short circuit	yes	
External	Temperature head transmitter	

**Special condition, if more voltage is required at the sensor :**

2 Draht Verbindung	
wiring diagram	
App No	16
Mode	non
Open load	No
short circuit	no
Caution	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;">  <p style="color: red; margin: 0;"><b>Connection of two DO (PIN 7) channels is only allowed, if the return wire leads to the analog input PIN 1.</b></p> </div>



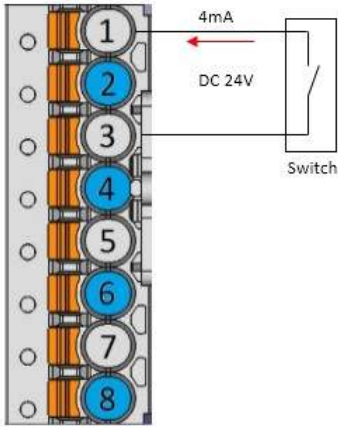
## AO - Analog output

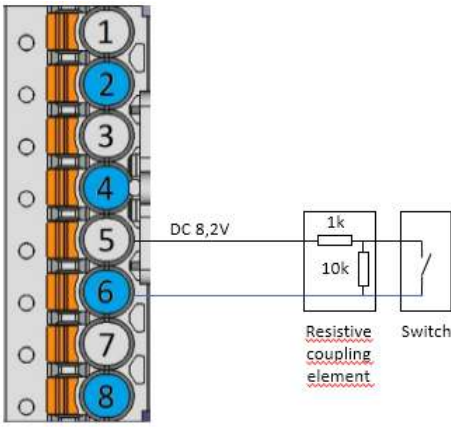
	2 wire connection	3 wire connection
wiring diagram		
App No	30	
Mode	Non	
Open load	yes	
short circuit	no	

## DI – Digital input

	2 wire connection	3 wire connection
wiring diagram		
App No	50	
Mode	Non	
Open load	yes	
short circuit	yes	

## DI – Digital input (mechanical switch)

	2 wire connection	3 wire connection
wiring diagram		
App No	51	
Mode	Switch mode	
Open load	no	
short circuit	no	

wiring diagram		
App No	52	
Mode	non	
Open load	yes	
short circuit	yes	
External	Resistive coupling element	



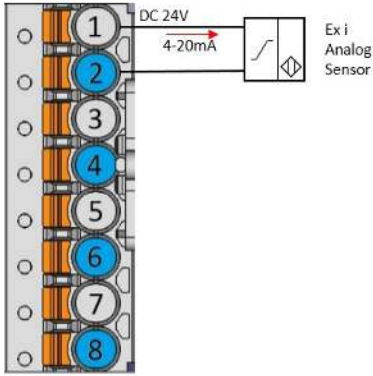
## DO – Digital output

	2 wire connection	3 wire connection
wiring diagram		
App No	70	
Mode	Non	
Open load	yes	
short circuit	yes	

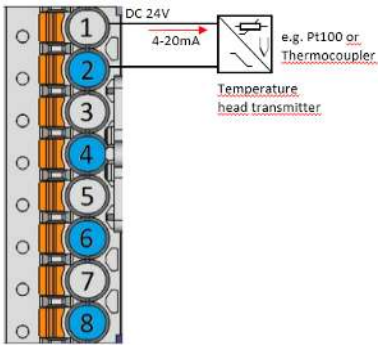
	2 wire connection	3 wire connection
wiring diagram		
App No	71	
Mode	AO to DO	
Open load	yes	
short circuit	no	

## Annex 4 Connection examples Type \*01

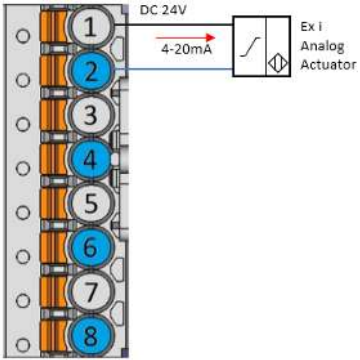
### AI - Analog input

	2 wire connection	3 wire connection
wiring diagram		
App No	110	
Mode	DO to AI	
Open load	yes	
short circuit	yes	

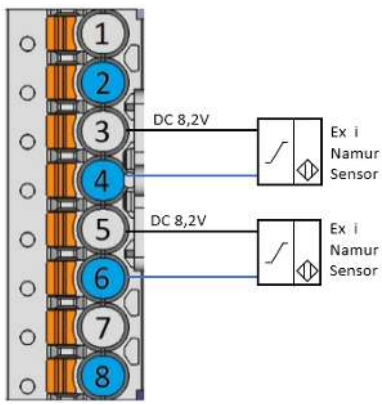
### AI - Analog input (PT100 or TH)

	2 wire connection	3 wire connection
wiring diagram		
App No	114	
Mode	DO to AI	
Open load	yes	
short circuit	yes	
External	Temperature head transmitter	

## AO - Analog output

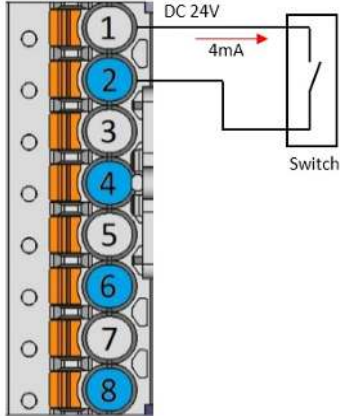
	2 wire connection	3 wire connection
wiring diagram		
App No	130	
Mode	DO to AO	
Open load	yes	
short circuit	no	

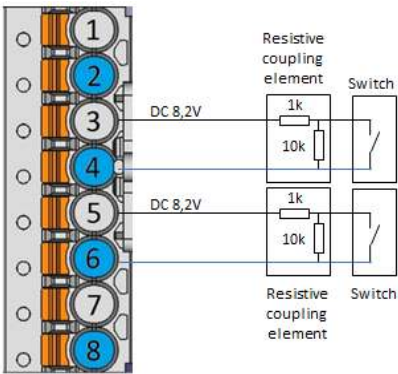
## DI – Digital Eingang

	2 wire connection	3 wire connection
wiring diagram		
App No	150	
Mode	Non	
Open load	yes	
short circuit	yes	



## DI – Digital input (mechanical switch)

	2 wire connection	3 wire connection
wiring diagram		
App No	151	
Mode	SwitchMode	
Open load	no	
short circuit	no	

wiring diagram		
App No	152	
Mode	Non	
Open load	yes	
short circuit	yes	
External	Resistive coupling element	

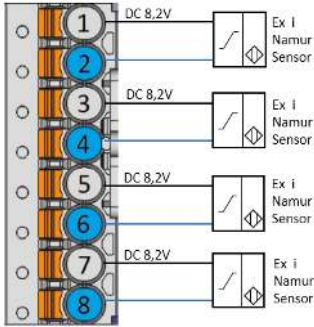


## DO – Digital output

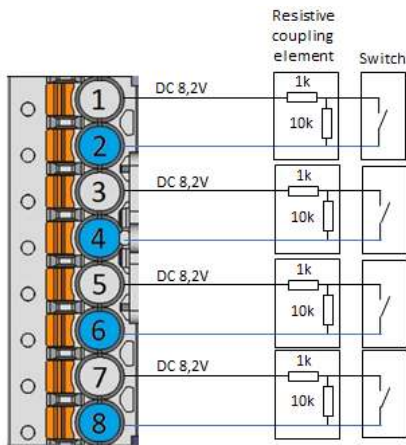
	2 wire connection	3 wire connection
wiring diagram		
App No	170	
Mode	Non	
Open load	yes	
short circuit	yes	

## Annex 5 Connection examples Type \*02

### DI – Digital input

	2 wire connection	3 wire connection
wiring diagram		
App No	250	
Mode	Non	
Open load	yes	
short circuit	yes	

### DI – Digital input (mechanical switch)

wiring diagram		
App No	252	
Mode	Non	
Open load	yes	
short circuit	yes	
External	Resistive coupling element	





Development, production and sales  
High flexibility for your application  
Customized modifications  
Product individualization

